Sharaa: Japan welcome in Golan role

TOKYO (R) — Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa reiterated on Saturday that he would welcome Japan's participation in a U.N. peacekeeping mission on the Golan Heights. "We hope that the two Japanese fact-finding missions will make a favourable decision on the matter," a Japanese Foreign Ministry official quoted Mr. Sharaa as telling Foreign Ministry Yohei Kono. Following the recent return of two fact-finding missions to the Middle East, Japan is expected to announce this month its decision to send troops to join a U.N. peacekeeping force policing the Golan Heights. Mr. Sharaa added that, if Japan decided to send peacekeepers, Syria would receive them with respect. He had made a similar comment when he met members of a Japanese mission in Syria. Mr. Sharaa arrived in Japan on Saturday on a two-day visit. He stopped over in Tokyo on his way to Indon after attending a conference in New York to review the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT.) He is due to attend a meeting of non-aligned countries in Indonesia. The Japanese contingent to Golan Heights is likely to replace a Canadian team in November



Happy Easter

The Jordan Times will not appear on Monday, April 24, due to the Easter holiday on Sunday, April 23. The next issue of the Jordan Times will be published on Tuesday, April 25. The editor and staff of that Jordan Times wish readers and advertisers a very happy Easter.

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Israeli soldiers shoot Palestinian

RAMALLAH, occupied West Bank (Agencies) — Israeli soldiers shot and wounded a Palestinian driver who failed to stop at a roadblock in the occupied West Bank, military sources said Saturday. The soldiers said they fired warning shots after the driver had tried to run them over late Friday near the village of Naaleen, in the northwest of the West Bank. The Palestinian from the nearby village of Ras Karkar was taken to hospital in the town of Ramallah. In Nahlus, several dozen Palestinians were arrested for throwing stones at soldiers, army officials said. An Israeli border policeman was slightly injured when he fell while running after the suspected stone-throwers, the army

Hizboliah attacks pro-Israeli militla

MARJAYOUN (AFP) -Hizbollah guerrillas exploded a charge near a patrol of Israel's proxy South Lehanon Army (SLA) militia on Saturday without causing casual-ties, security officials said. The militia's radio said a charge exploded near Taybeh in an Israeli-occupied border zone in South Lehanon and that there were no injuries. Hizbollah said in a statement in Beirut that it had "killed or wounded all the members of the patrol" in the remotecontrolled explosion. Ten SLA militiamen have been killed and 16 wounded since the beginning of the year in attacks spearheaded by the fundamentalist-group.

Morocco expels five Iranians

RABAT (R) — Morocco has expelled five Iranians who are seeking political asylum in Canada after holding them for a week in a Casablanca detention centre, a lawyer said on Saturday. Abdul Latif Wahhi, lawyer and member of the independent Moroccan Human Rights Association (AMDH), told Reuters the five, including a woman and aged between 17 and 30 were arrested at Casahlanca airport last weekend for alleged possession of false Spanish passports. They were trying to make their way to Canada where they were hoping to he granted political asylum, Mr. Wahbi said.

Gunmen kill two in Minya

ASSIUT (AP) - Gunmen killed a policeman and a civilian in two attacks in the militant stronghold of Minya province, but police said Saturday the attacks were not carried out by extremists.

oth shootings took place
Friday. In the first, gunmen
opened fire on policeman
Mohammad Abul Hamid Ali, 40, who was off duty and heading towards his farm near the village of Mantout, 240 kilometres south of Cairo. The gunmen fled, and police first helieved they were militants. But on Saturday police released a statement saying the victim's mother and wife accused two men involved in a dispute with Ali. In the second slaying, two assailants shot dead Mustafa Atta Abdul Mutilib, 35, in Mallawi, 260 kilometres south of Cairo. Police also described the attack as resulting from a personal dispute, hut local sources said militants had accused Abdul Mutilih of collaborating with police.

Inquiry clears S. African activist

PRETORIA (AP) - A government inquiry released Saturday cleared prominent anti-apartheid activist Allan Boesak of allegations that he stole foreign donor money. The accusations created a scandal earlier this year that forced Mr. Boesak to give up his appointment as South Africa's ambassador to the United Nations in Geneva.

Rescue continues at Oklahoma blast site; 1 held, 2 questioned

cies) — With one suspect in jail and two witnesses being questioned in other states, officials said Saturday a second suspect was still at large in the deadly bombing of a federal building in Okla-

Timothy McVeigh, 26, was held in jail after being charged in court late Friday

with the bombing.
The toll from Wednesday's attack stood at 7 dead Saturday morning. Wind, rain and a brief storm of pea-sized bail hampered workers and slowed the search late Friday. About 150 people were missing, and about 200 others were injured in the hlast.

Rescuers expected the toil to rise still more Saturday as they reached the portion of the ruined building that beld a day care center and large government office

Authorities said McVeigh, an ex-soldier, was enraged at the government for its siege of a religious cult in Waco, Texas, in 1993, that ended in flames and death (see separate story).

A second man, Terry Nichols, 40, was being beld in Kansas, where he lives, and Nichols' hrother, James, was held overnight in Michigan. Both are considered material witnesses, Justice Department spokesman Carl Stern said in Washington.

These are very encouraging and positive steps, but there is much work to be done," said Weldon Kennedy, Federal Bureau or Investigations (FBI) agent in charge of the investigation. He said the search was under way at other locations around the country hut would not claborate.

In Oklahoma City, a small cinder-hlock building that had been weakened by Wednesday's hlast at the federal building 21/2 blocks away collapsed Saturday morning. No one was in-

Many spaces in the rubble have heen spray-painted "DB" to identify where the bodies are.

"We see, we know where bodies are in the void but we can't get to them because of the rubble," said assistant fire chief Jon Hansen Han-

House of Representatives Speaker Newt Gingrich, one of the most powerful politicians in Washington, spent more than an hour touring the bomh site early Saturday.

The explosion was caused by thousands of kilos of fueland-fertilizer explosives packed into a Ryder rental

After a 15-minute appearance before the magistrate he called "Sir," McVeigh was taken to the El Reno federal correctional centre 50 kilometres away pending court hearings next Thurs-

Nichols, wearing blue Jeans and accompanied by his wife and daughter, drove his blue pickup into the police parking lot and walked inside to surrender, saying he had heard his name on television, the Wichita Eagle reported today.

After early suspicions that the Alfred P. Murrah federal huilding was targeted by international terrorists. Friday's developments pointed strongly to homegrown violence from the extremist antigovernment movement. President Bill Clinton, de-

claring Sunday a national day of mourning, said be and his wife, Hillary, would visit Oklahoma City then for a memorial service. Lightning and wind-whipped rain forced rescuers

at the bombed-out building to temporarily halt their search for bodies or survivours of the attack.

Oklahoma Governor Frank Keating said: "This weather doesn't help us at all,

through and get this huilding shored up.

Officials were concerned that the strong winds could dislodge chunks from the tonnes of twisted steel and cement that have been dangling from the gaping hole in the north facade of the huilding. Assistant fire chief Hansen

said they were having some structural problems with the building and water getting into the building.

"We're going to go to work in spite of the weather," Mr. Hansen said.

Search and rescue efforts have plodded along since the attack, with hundreds of firefighters, police personnel, and investigators pouring over the mounds of dehris, searching by hand for survivours and bodies.

With the exception of rain on Wednesday night, the weather had remained clear and warm, allowing the search to continue unimpeded until late Friday and early Saturday.

Thunder showers rolled in from plains sending the temperature plunging. The winds and lighting forced a brief halt in rescue efforts around dawn with personnel scurrying for cover in waiting

Showers and lighting were expected to continue intermittantly with winds reaching 32 to 40 kilometres per hour.

The temperature, which had been in mild, was not expected to go beyond the 13 degrees Celsins Saturday according to weather fore-

Emergency aid centres have called for donors to add thermal underwear and rain gear to the lists of items the public can give. Officials have also asked for the donation of a lotion that can be applied to sniffer dogs' paws to help toughen their skin up.

(Continued on page 7)

King visits U.S. aircraft carrier, pays tribute to U.S.-Jordan ties

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein, the Supreme Commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces, Saturday visited the U.S. aircraft carrier Theodore Roosevelt which is anchored in the Red Sea.

Accompanied by His Royal Highness Prince Ali Ben Al Hussein and the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Abdul Hafez Mirai', the King was welcomed by the carrier's commander Admiral Charles Steve Ahbot and senior crew members

The King toured the ship and inspected the types of planes, weapons and other equipment aboard.

The King met the crew and talked about relations between Jordan and the United

Replying to a question ab-out his daily rontine as (Continued on page 7)



His Majesty King Hussein on Saturday visits the U.S. aircraft carrier Theodore Roosevelt

Peres to attend Amman symposium

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres will lead his country's delegation to a three-day symposium opening in Amman on Monday on development projects in the Jordan Rift Valley, officials said Sunday.

It was expected that His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan would meet with Mr. Peres for separate talks on Jordanian-Israeli relations and also attend part of the symposium. But there was no immediate confirmation of the meetings.

It was also not immediately known how long Mr. Peres will stay in Amman, or whether he would only attend the first day of the sympo-sium, which is seen as a key event in Jordanian-Israeli efforts to develop the Jordan Rift Valley that the two coun-

trics share.
Mr. Peres, who has visited
Jordan several times to attend bilateral and multilateral negotiations of the Middle East peace process, has yet to pay an official visit to the Kingdom. Several dates were suggested in the past, but all plans were cancelled due to what officials described as last-minute

snags.
The Israeli foreign minister last visited Jordan in March when he and Crown Prince Hassan discussed joint efforts to raise finances for projects included in the Jordan-Israel peace treaty signed in Octo-

Subsequently, the Crown Prince and Mr. Peres held talks with German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and European Commission officials in Bonn and secured pledges of financing for feasibility studies for the projects and a. promise that financing the projects themselves could also be studied at a later

Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin visited Amman two weeks ago to attend a meeting of the Jordanian-Israeli-American trilateral economic working group which also focused on developing the Jordan Rift Valley.

The delegation accompanying Mr. Peres to this week's meeting will include nearly 60 Israeli officials and representatives of dozens of companies which seek a share m projects envisaged for the Jordan Rift Valley under a programme drawn up hy Jordan, Israel and the United States.

"The focal point of the meeting will be singling out (Continued on page 7)

PNA, militant groups close to breakthrough

GAZA CITY (Agencies) — The Palestinian self-rule authority is moving closer to Islamic opposition groups in reconciliation talks aimed at easing tension in the Gaza Strip, Palestinian officials

said Saturday. Sources in the Islamic Jihad Group said the faction was ready to consider a freeze in anti-Israeli attacks m the autonomous areas until July 1 to give the Palestinian expand its self-rule to the West Bank.

Bnt the PNA should first drop its insistence that Islamic Jihad fighters surrender their arms and should free the group's estimated 50 prisoners, said one source. It was the first time that

Islamic Jihad had taken such conciliatory stance. In Amman, a spokesman for the Islamic Resistance movement, Hamas, said it was ready for full political dialogue with the PNA to

stop the danger of a civil war in Gaza. But spokesman Ibrahim Ghosheh said the Palestine iheration Organisation (PLO) had to reciprocate hy arrests of Hamas activists, and dismantling a military court set up to try Islamic

"Hamas is ready to engage with the Palestinian authority in a broad political dialogue with an open agenda to lead to the path of confidence building," Ibrahim Ghosheh, a Hamas spokesman, told Reuters. "We have felt the danger of the present situation ... the

forbid, made the movement and its leadership agree to conducting a comprehensive political dialogue," he added. A spokesman for the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Ralestine (DFLP), a secular opposition faction, said in Gaza the group also will refrain from actions that would increase tensions in Palestinian-ruled areas, including military op-erations against Israel."

Ahmad Hammad told the Associated Press the decision was taken after a meeting between DFLP leaders and Yasser Arafat late Friday, during which the Palestinian leader promised to release the group's 18 prisoners.

sibility for the Feb. 6 attack in which an Israeli security guard escorting an Israeli gasoline tanker driving in the Gaza Strip was shot and killed by militants.

A Palestinian source, speaking on condition of anonymity, said leaders of Hamas in Jordan, Syria and other Arah countries will hold a meeting in Cairo to. decide on a unified stance. regarding military action

The Islamic Jihad source, a senior member of the group who spoke to the AP on condition of anonymity, said representatives from his organisation group made the proposal at a meeting with PNA officials last week.

He said the self-rule government has not yet responded.

"The hall is now in the court of the government," he

Mohammad Zuhdí Al Nashashibi, minister of finance, said after the weekly meeting of Mr. Arafat's selfrule cabinet that a breakthrough in the talks was not

Blast suspect said driven by rage over Waco disaster

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - He was a clean-shaven and crew-cut former soldier. But authorities also said Timothy McVeigh burned with a rage that erupted into the worst bombing ever carried out on U.S. territory.

The 27-year-old, described as a good student by those who knew him in his hometown of Pendleton, New York, was accused Friday of bombing a federal huilding in Oklahoma City. At least 81 people, including 12 children, were killed in the blast. Authorities described

McVeigh as a fiery rightwinger who was angry at the government for the 1993 Waco. Texas cult disaster in which about 80 followers of David Koresh and the Branch Davidians died.

McVeigh was so "agitated" by the showdown between the Branch Davidians and agents of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms that he visited the site of the tragedy, according to a coworker quoted in Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) court documents.

"After visiting the site, Mc Veigh expressed extreme anger at the federal government and advised that the government never should have done that." the co-worker was quoted as saying.

The former soldier attended a meeting of the paramilitary Michigan Militia in January, according to a local television, and sought to convince the group to take action against the federal agents who stormed the Branch Davidian compound.

The Oklahoma hombing came precisely two years after a 51-day standoff between



Tim McVeigh

federal officers and armed cult members ended with the compound engulfed in a fire. In his high school year book, McVeigh had listed talking, computers and cars as being among his interests. He also played baskethall. Classmate Wendy

Stephany described him as quiet and "friendly." When she heard of his arrest, she commented: "What happened to him between then and now? It must

have been a lot." U.S. defence officials turned over Mc Veigh's military records, but his military career was a bit murky. Major General Charles McClain said McVeigh served in the U.S. Army but was not an active member.

But other reports suggested

he was a munitions expert

مهلّنا صنه المصل

based at Fort Bill, Oklaho-John Maddox, district

where McVeigh was first picked up for a traffic violation and weapons possession, described the suspect as nonchalant when he was arrested and afterward.

McVeigh, wearing an orange prison shirt, also was impassive as he was taken out of a courthouse in Perry; Oklahoma, and put on a helicopter for Oklahoma City where he heard the arrest warrant read to him.

He appeared to take little notice of the hundrerds of people who crowded in front of the courthouse, shouting 'haby killer," "murderer," "bastard" and other insults. McVeigh, according to an NBC television report, called

himself the "mad bomber with my associates from the Michigan Militia" in an America On Line directory. His personal quote was: "Let us take back the government ... or die trying. Boom. NBC said.

McVeigh's address was listed

as Decker, Michigan. The FBI's arrest warrant for McVeigh accused him of malicious danger and destroying by means of an explosive real property... posses-sed or used in the United States of America."

McVeigh was arrested less than two hours after Wednesday's bombing and held in Perry, about 100 kilometres north of Oklahoma, charged with driving without a license plate and carrying a weapon. He was carrying a semiautomatic pistol with armourpiercing hullets when he was pulled over by a highway patrolman

(Continued on page 2)

releasing detainees, stopping The group claimed respon-Dispute over voting Holy fire haunts NPT talks

UNITED NATIONS (AFP) - The landmark international conference to determine the future of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) ended its first week Friday with the outcome no clearer than when it started. When it resumes Monday,

delegates will have one eye on a Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) meeting half a world away in Bandung, Indonesia. The ministers of the 112country movement were to discuss NPT renewal, which delegates here hope will help remove the stumbling block on voting procedure.

The conference at U.N. headquarters in New York opened in discord Monday after delegates failed, following days of negotiations, to decide on a public or secret

The voting issue, which had been expected to be re-solved ahead of opening day, continues to dog the conference. Both sides are lobbying intently and many countries remain undecided. The debate over whether

to vote publicly, as is customary at the United Nations, or cast secret ballots, serves as a hellwether on the power issue between the West and developing countries, the nuclear-haves and have-nots. The United States, leading

the drive to make the 25-year 1970 treaty permanent, ex-

pressed confidence it would win the required 90-vote majority by the time the con-

ference ends May 12. Some non-aligned countries are rankled by the West's aggressive persuasion. They say a secret vote would shield them from some of that pressure and protect them, in case they oppose indefinite extension, from possible political and economic reprisals.

U.S. Vice President Al Gore on Tuesday attacked the notion of a secret ballot. calling on participants to bear responsibility for renewal of the NPT by taking decisions that must "stand the light of

The conference president, Sri Lankan Ambassador to the United States Jayantha Dhanapala, was to begin consultations with delegates Monday in an attempt to find a consensus. His shepherding report was due Wednesday.

Mr. Dhanapala's effort will coincide with the three-day NAM financial ministers meeting Monday m Indonesia, which currently chairs the movement. The meeting will be closely watched for signs of the direction non-aligned NPT delegates will take here.

The West expects the Bandung conferees to issue a common appeal for total nuc-

(Continued on page 7)

and riots in Jerusalem on Easter

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Masses of pilgrims clutching flaming bun-dles of candles surged toward Christ's tomb Saturday marking the Orthodox Christian Easter celebration of the holy

Scuffles broke out between dozens of local youths participating in the procession as they entered the compound of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, where Christians believe Jesus was crucified. buried and resurrected.

Two Israeli border guardsand three Palestinian youths were injured in clashes on the. square in front of the church . . Violence broke out when

guards forced back dozens of Syrian Orthodox youths who had burst on to the square packed with worshippers, police said. One of the guards was

taken to hospital after he was. crushed against wire netting." Thousands of Egyptian Coptic Christians took part in the Orthodox Easter ceremony at the Holy Sepulchre for the first time since 1967.

The ceremony, celebrated in the same way for 11 centuries, is marked by the appearance of "sacred fire"

(Continued on page 7)

U.S. presses **Egypt on NPT**

- The United States, raising pressure on a key aid recipient, voiced disappointment on Friday at Egypt's opposition to permanently extending a landmark nuclear treaty and warned that Cairo should honour a promise not to campaign actively against the U.S. position.

Egypt, resisting months of U.S. pressure, announced at the United Nations on Thursday that it could oot support indefinite extension of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) because of Israel's failure to join the

In an emotional speech, Foreign Minister Amr Musa told a conference reviewing the 25-year-old pact that Israel's refusal to make concessions on its nuclear prog-ramme meant the NPT is incapable of safeguarding Egypt's national security.

State Department spokesman Nicholas Burns, at a news briefing on Friday, told reporters: "Naturally, we're very disappointed by Foreign Minister Musa's speech."

He said Egypt bad assured the United States it would not campaign against the indefinite extension of the NPT, and stressed that "we expect Egypt to bocour that

Egypt is a key U.S. ally in the Middle East and the number-two U.S. aid beacticiary behind Israel, receiving more than \$2 billion annually.

NPT advocates say the treaty is crucial to prevent the spread of nuclear weapons, but critics say it legitimises an inequality between nuclear and non-nuclear states.

Mr. Burns reiterated U.S. confidence that its positioo in support of making the NPT permaneot without conditions would prevail when the 178 countries who are members of the arms control regime vote during the second week of May.

But U.S. officials were dismayed by Egypt's decision to use its opening speech to the

The connection to the

bombing was established af-

ter authorities issued a com-

posite sketch of suspects

His next hearing will be on

Less than an hour before

he was to be released, au-

thorizies in Perry were noti-

fied by the FBI they were

holding one of the men por-

trayed in the composite

sketches. Without the call

from the FBI, McVeigh

would probably have been

released on bail, said John

Maddox, Perry district attor-

Investigators planned to

resume searching for clues on

Saturday at the Michigan

farm of James Nicholas, the

brother of Terry Nicholas,

James Nicholas is also

cooperating with authorities,

Neighbours said they had

seen McVeigh spend time at

the Nichols family farm in

Decker, about 130 kilometres

The farm was the object of

a raid on Friday as dozens of

federal agents began sear-

ching for bomb-making mate-

rials. Law enforcement offi-

cials said agents were seeking

evidence to link Terry

Nichols, also reported to

have a military hackground.

south of Detroit.

Thursday.

Thursday.

Blast suspect 'driven by rage'

(Continued from page 1)

to the bombing

WASHINGTON (Agencies) review conference to argue against indefinite extension. which is also endorsed by three other nuclear powers —

France, Britain and Russia. China has hedged, saying it could support indefinite extension or extension for periods of 25 years each.

Egypt went beyond just articulating its own viewpoint, however. Mr. Musa said Egypt will try to forge opposition to the U.S. position at a meeting next week in Indonesia of foreign ministers of the Non-Aligned Na-

"We're obviously not hapabout the prospect of further meetings to argue against an indefinite extension of the NPT... I doo't have to tell you how important that is for our foreign policy," Mr. Burns said.

He said Washingtoo would cootioue to press its disappointment and its case for making NPT permanent with Egypt in private. He declined to say if Egypt's 1996 aid package could be jeopar-

Of seven Arab states that have spoken since the fourweek NPT cooference opened Monday, none has backed permanent extensioo, although Kuwait — which a U.S.-led international force bberated from Iraqi cootrol in 1991 — called Wednesday

for a lengthy renewal. Iran may sign the NPT but only under certain condinons, Iranian President Ali Akbar Rafsanjani said Fri-

His statement comes amid a diplomatic row over Russia's plans to build a ouclear power plant in Iran. The U.S. government, which accuses Iran of planning to build a bomb, is pressuring Russia to cancel the deal.

We bave certain cooditions before we sign this treabe said during a visit to Tbilisi, the Georgian capital. We will announce (them) when it is time to sign."

Mr. Rafsanjani did not say what those conditions might

Both Nichols brothers had

"They don't like to pay

ries to the Michigan Militia

and fostered anti-government

laxes, they don't like lawyers," said Randy Izy-

dorek, who lives in the area.

Nichols and McVeigh were in

the military together and be-

longed to a more extremist

underground paramilitary

group known as the Patriots. The group has "plans to eli-

minate the government," he

bang bim here so we could

watch it," said Therese Col-

lins, 28, of Perry, where peo-

ple stood for hours just for

the brief glimpse of McVeigh. Many brought

"It helps put a face on evil,

to let our kids know that

people did this and people

will be punished," said Clark Marks, also of Perry.

the Daily News, both tab-

loids, ran the picture of

McVeigh leaving the Perry

The Post headlined: "The

The Daily News headline

jail on their front pages.

In New York, the Post and

their children.

face of evil.'

was: "Damn you."

"I just wish they would

Mr. Izydorek said Terry

ideas, neighbours said.



ORTHODOX EASTER: Jerusalem Greek Orthodox Patriarch Diodoros II walks with the "sacred fire" during the Orthodox Easter ceremony on Saturday at the Holy Sepulchre in East Jerusalem, the site of the tomb of Jesus

according to Christian tradition. The ceremony, celebrated in the same way for 11 centuries, is marked by the appearance of "sacred fire" in the two oval cavities on either side of the Holy Sepulchre (see page one) (AFP photo)

1985. Of the four, Mugh-

myah was the only one kept

secret for fear that he might

retaliate against American

hostages theo being held in

The other matter involved

the U.N. Security Council's

decisioo this week to let

Egyptair, the Egyptian air-lines, condoct 45 flights of

Muslim pigrims from Libya

to Sandi Arabia. Before

those flights got underway, a

Libyan jet without U.N. au-

thorisatioo flew to Jeddah

Libya was banned from

flying planes outside the

country in 1992 for not sur-

rendering for trial two men

indicted in the United States

and Britain for bombing Pan

Am Flight 103, which ex-

ploded over Lockerbie, Scot-

land, in 1988 killing 270 peo-

discussed this issue with the

Saudi government and we've

expressed... our very strong

position that their actions

were contrary to the sanc

tions regime and should not

The Libyan plane crossed

Egypt on route to Saudi Ara-

bia. Mr. Burns said Egypt

denied overflight clearances

but Libya ignored the order.

"Egypt, therefore, did not

Mr. Burns said the United

violate the U.N. sanctions,'

States will take up the viola-tion with the U.N. Sanctions

the appeal court's verdict --

one brought by 1slamist

lawyer Abdul Halim Rama-

dan and the other by the Sufi

mystic sect - will be heard

on May 9 and May 23 respec-

A third challenge is being

mounted by a Coptic Christ-

ian lawyer, Husni Hilmi Aba-

dir, who argues that "The

Emigrant" distorts the hiblic-

Mr. Shahin's film tells the

epic story of Ram - a figure

based on the biblical Joseph,

son of Jacob, who 3,000 years

ago leaves the parched land

where he lived with his tribe

for Egypt to study agricul-

saw the film before the ban.

Some 750,000 Egyptians

al version of Joseph's life.

Mr. Burns said.

Committee.

tively.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Mr. Burns said: "We have

with 150 pilgrims.

Lebanoo.

U.S. protests lack of Saudi help in bomb probe, Libya flight

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

— The United States has protested Saudi Arabia's role in thwarting efforts to seize a man wanted in connectioo with the 1983 bombing that killed 241 American troops in Lebanon, officials said.
They also said Washington

complained to Saudi Arabia for allowing a Libyan jetliner to land and take off from the kingdom in violation of U.N. sanctions

These differences underscore the limits of cooperation between the two countries. The United States considers Saudi Arabia a major Mideast ally and sent thousands of troops to defend the kingdom after Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher, speaking to reporters, confirmed the essence of a story that was first reported in Friday's Los Angeles Times.

Asked if Saudi Arabia bad failed to cooperate with the Federal Bureau of Investiga-tions (FBI) in trying to seize a man wanted for his reputed role in the 1983 car-bombing in Lebanon, he said: "Yes. We expressed our concern that we had not had the cooperation we hoped to

Mr. Christopher refused to go into detail, but he said "it was a fairly short time frame (in which anthorities could act) and we simply did not get the kind of cooperatioo we had hoped."

State Department spokesman Nicholas Burns said the number two diplomat in the

CAIRO (AFP) - An Islam-

ist lawyer who lost his case to

ban a hit film by Yousef

Shahio on Saturday accused

the appeal court of collabor-

ating with the director to get

the film back on Egypt's cine-

Mahmoud Abu Al Faid bas

asked for a postponement of

a fresh legal bid to get the film

"The Emigrant" banned so

he can investigate the accusa-

tions, which he said was

made by a "citizeo" in the

northern town of Alexandria.

The citizen said he beard "collaborators" of Mr. Sha-

hin say in March that the

appeal court would throw out

Mr. Faid's legal case — a

week before the court did

TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Hanna Mansour

ma screens.

just Ihat.

Saodi embassy in Washingtoo was called to the State Department on Friday morning, 847 in a sealed indictment in adding: "We're disappointed... 1 know that a protest was made today."

The Los Angeles Times said FBI officials were secretly seot overseas receotly to take custody of a man who has been bunted for a decade for alleged roles in the 1983 carbombing that killed 241 U.S. troops in Lebanon and for a 1985 Trans World Airlines hijacking in which an American died.

The newspaper said the man is believed to be Imad Mnghniyah, a leader of the militant Hizbollah group.

The FBI aimed to seize him on a stopover in Saudi Arabia during an April 7 Middle East Airlines flight headed from Khartoum to Beirut, but before they could act Saudi Arabia decided not to cooperate and refused to allow the plane to land, the newspaper said.

The Saodi embassy here had no immediate comment on the U.S. allegations. At the time of the Mughniyah incident, Sandi aothorities told the airline there had been a bureaocratic mix-up in paperwork lovolving the flight number.

In the 1983 attack, a powerful bomb, detonated by the driver of a truck, exploded at a building occupied U.S. troops in Lebanon. The bomb exploded around dawn, while most of the occupants were still asleep.

The Los Angeles Times said Mughniyah was ooe of

Courts helped 'The Emigrant' director — lawyer

A Cairo court baoned

'The Emigrant" on Dec. 29

after a complaint brought by

Mr. Faid backed by the Al

Azhar institution, the coun-

try's highest Sunni Muslim

Mr. Faid argued that the

film was blasphemous be-

cause it personified Joseph,

who is a prophet in Islam.

turned the ban in March on

the grounds that Mr. Faid

was not qualified to bring the

Mr. Faid's fresh case

against the film will open on May 20 after Mr. Shahin's

defence lawyer also asked for

an adjournment to prepare

Two other challenges to

But the appeal court over-

authority.

complaint.

the case.

Eurocouncil may expel Turkey

STRASSBOURG (AFP) -A motion to suspend Turkey from the Council of Europe comes up for dehate next week at a plenary session of the council's parliamentary assembly opening here on Monday

It will be the fourth time inside a year that Turkey's human rights record has come under discussion by the same assembly. Turkey's military intervention against Kurds in northern Iraq, has fueled anti-Turkisb sentiment yet further.

Socialist members called in January for Turkey to be excluded, but the president of the assembly, Miguel Angel Martinez (Spain) was against the move at the time.

Those who opposed sanctioning Turkey have always argued that the Turkish regime was a barrier to the spread of Islamic fundamentalism but this argument is no longer believed to hold true.

"The Kurdish conflict bas among the Kurdish popula-tion," the Council of Europe's deputy secretarygeneral, Peter Leuprecht, told AFP.

Turkey's position has become increasingly uncomfortable as its actions are seen to violate the principles of human rights and democracy which the council of Europe was founded to defend.

The assembly has several times protested to Ankara over the jailing of eight Kurdish parliamentary deputies accused of supporting Kurdish separatists, and has called for their release.

It has also accused Turkey of bad faith in efforts to end the Turkish occupation of northern Cyprus.

The European Human Rights Commission is currently investigating several hundred complaints about human rights abuses against Turkish Kurds. Three have been taken up by the commission.

New democracies in Central and Eastern Europe who have recently joined the Council of Enrope want to become members, have contrasted the tough conditions imposed on them with the tolerance Showo towards Turkey, Mr. Leuprecht said.

department at the Oneen Alia In-

U.S. urges tougher sanctions on Libya

WASHINGTON (USIS) -The spokesman said the United States favours tougher sanctions against Libya in the wake of this week's outlaw flight by a Libyan passeoger plane carrying pilgrims to Sandi Arabia, State Department spokesmen Nicholas Buens said Friday.

At the same time Mr. Nicolas Burns voiced U.S. displeasure with Saudi Arabia for allowing the plane to land. servicing it, and allowing it to return to Libya. He also cleared Egypt from any wrong-doing in the incident.

The Egyptiangovernment denied overflight

clearances to the Libyan aircraft and informed us of that action yesterday," be said.
"The Libyan aircraft chose to ignore the denial of Egyptian overflight clearance: Egypt, therefore, did not violate the U.N. sanctioos and we will work with the Egyptian government to

prevent future Libyan viola-

tions in the future. 'We've expressed to the Sandis our very strong posi-tioo that their actions were contrary to the sanctions regime and should not recur, the spokesman said. "We've commonicated onr very strong position that U.N. member states bave a respon-sibilkity to adhre to U.N. sanctions regimes. And in this case, the Saudi government bad an opportunity to do so and chose not to do so and of course we're very displeased by that," Burns said, adding be bad no details on the Saudi response to the

U.S. demarche. Further action rests with the United Nations Sanctions Committee which is expected to meet soon, be said. "We will be very active in that committee.

He said Egypt acted prop-erly this week by taking their concern about the rights of Libyan religious pilgrims to the Sanctions Committee, formally asking for and redeiving an exception to the sanctions against Libya.

Egypt bad a concer "sbared throughout the Ar world that Libyan pilgrin ought not to pay for the mistakes and the irrespons bility of the Libyan govery ment over the past decade of the issue of international terorism," the spokesman said

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"That is why we agreed t the action of the U.N. San tions Committee to grant a exception. It provides for 6.000 Libyan pilgrims t travel via Egypt Air on 4 flights duringthe hajj seasor We thought that was national response to a buma nitarian oeed," Burns saic "I think that all the govern meots in the region ought to understand that there is proper way to go about get ting these things done an

there are improper ways." "We cootinue to believe that it makes sense from : i. humanitarian point of viev for Egypt Air to be given the opportunity to transpor tiese people to Mecca. We will not interfere with that," he said. "We believe it's ; good decision and we wil

continue to support it."

Libya's decision to ignon the U.N. ban on internation al flights to and from Liby: strengthens our belief tha we ooght to tighteo interna tional sanctions on Libya and they certainly at a mini mum ought to be main tained," the spokesman said "Libya has proven once agair this week that it has no re gard for U.N. resolutions and Libya ought to pay the price for that. Paying the price wil be the continuation of those

"The United States has a very direct interest in this We believe that Libya is re sponsible for the bombing o Pan Am 103 in which a considerable number of American citizens perished. And we're not going to suppor any move to loosen the sanctions on Libya until the people who perpetrated that in justice many years ago are brought to justice."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Flooding claims 10 lives in Afghanistan

KABUL (AFP) - At least 10 people were killed in ! flooding caused of heavy rains in northern Afghanistan, state-run Radio Kabul reported Saturday. The rainstorm hit the Chai Aab district of Takhar province last week, but the information only reached bere Saturday due to communication difficulties, the report said. The flood waters destroyed or damaged 1,400 bouses as well as 300. hectares of crops, the radio added. In March, 354, people were killed and 50 others injured in northern Badakhshan province when a massive landslide triggered by torrential rains buried a remote village in the troubled mountainous

Man beheaded in Saudi Arabia

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arabia has executed a man for murder, raising to 37 the number of people be beaded in the conservative kingdom this month. Saudi Television, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, said the man was bebeaded on Friday in corthern Saudi Arabia after a religious court convicted him of murder. It named him as Mohammad Ben Hamad Ben Ali Al Ftayh Al Yami, but did not give his oationality. Saudi Arabia applies strict Islamic Sbaria law and bebeads murderers, rapists and drug traffickers. Public beheadings, mainly of drug smugglers, have been on the rise this year. According to unofficial counts, 96 people have been executed in 1992. Some 85 were beheaded in 1993, the last year for which unofficial figures are available.

Iranians obey order to take down satellites

TEHRAN (AFP) --- Most Iranians have obeyed a Saturday deadline set by the government to take down their satellite disbes which allow them to tune in to foreign television channels. No dishes could be seeo in resideotial districts of Tehran, while the official agency IRNA said they had also disappeared from other large cities in Iran. Interior Minister Ali Mohammad Besharati, who warned last week that police would move io on Saturday to take down satellite dishes, thanked Iranians for "voluntarily" applying

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17:00 Les Ratons Laveurs	Armenia
17:30 Envoye Special	775261.
19:00 News In French	
19:15 Ushuaia	St. Epha
19:30 The Bold and the Beautiful	Ammen
	652526.
20:00 Masterpieces of Literature	Evangeli
29:30 Almost Home	824328.
21:10 The Other Side of Paradise	German-
22:00 News in English	gregation
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tific Society (RSS) with the objective of exchanging expertise and studies.

The Bahraini official also voiced hope that the visit would contribute to activating cooperation among scien-tific and educational institutions in Jordan and Bahrain with the aim of finding a. common scientific language to revive the Arab nation's integration and solidarity.

Time has proved the importance of Arab solidarity and closing the ranks of the Arab countries," the sheikh said, adding that he boped that obstacles impeding Arab reconciliation would soon be removed.

The Bahraini sbeikh was

ions on Bahraini official arrives for talks Jordan, Egypt discuss maritime transport between Aqaba port, Suez Canal

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Saturday met with Mohammad Izzat Adel. Chairman of the Suez Canal Authority, who is currently on a several day visit to Jordan and reviewed with him cooperation between Jordan and Egypt, especially in maritime transport.

In a statement following the meeting, Mr. Adel said that he briefed the prime minister on the outcome of talks be had held with Minister of Transport Samir Kawar and other officials on issues of comon concern as well as trade and shiping in the Suez

Canal. Mr. Adel, who voiced his country's desire to coordinate matters in sbipping and trade, said he felt that Jordan was ready to cooperate fully with Egypt in these affairs. Asked about future cooperation between Agaba and Egypt's ports, Mr. Adel said that in the era of peace the Agaba port is a vital outlet

for the Suez Canal. It is in the interest of the Suez Canal Authority to see Aqaba port developed and

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Foreign

Ministry has named Ziad

Majali, director of its Poli-

tical Department, as head

of the Kingdom's interest

section in autonomous

Gaza Strip, a spokesman

said Saturday.
Ahmad Mbeideen, head

of the information section

of the foreign ministry, also

said the ministry had yet to

locate suitable premises to

house the interest section.

Majali, 43, who has more

tban 15 years of service in

the foreign ministry, would

travel to the Gaza Strip

next week along with two

other foreign ministry offi-

Mr. Mbeideen said Mr.

the volume of shipping through it increasing, and the Suez Canal Anthority is doing all it can to help Jordan achieve this goal, he said. Present at the meeting was

Mr. Kawar as well as Dureid Mabasneh, the director general of the Jordanian Ports Corporation and Egypt's ambassador to Jordan, Wajih Hamdi.

Earlier, Mr. Kawar and Mr. Adel met to discuss mutual cooperation in maritime transport between Agaba and the Suez Canal Authority . They both voiced their

countries' desire to promote bilateral cooperation in the interest of their two peoples.

According to Mr. Adel, the current meetings are beld to complement discussions held earlier between officials from the two countries.

Mr. Adel said he was certain that the two sides will reach a formula on cooperation in serving vessels that sail through the Suez Canal and pass through Aqaba, transporting goods for Arab countries.

According to the Egyptian

Head of Kingdom's



Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Abul the Suez Canal Authority Mohammad Ragheb meets with visiting Chairman of Izzat Adel (Petra photo)

official, the talks are aimed at giving facilities in the Suez Canal to the port of Aqaba. Sbould an agreement be signed in this respect, it would be the first of its kind to be concluded between the Suez Canal Authority and any port around the world, granting the Jordanian port

facilities and serving the in-

terest of the Egyptian and

Jordan people alike, Mr. Adei concluded. According to a statement following the talks, the two sides discussed among other topics reduction on fees for tourist vessels which pass through the Suez Canal heading for Agaba in order to encourage vessels to dock at the Jordanian port. The Jordanian side requested Suez Canal fees on Jordan's exports of pbosphate, potash and cement be

The statement said the two sides agreed in principle to bold follow up meeting and to set up technical committees to work out details of agreements concerning the reduction of fees.

JPA to swear in members; but suspended weeklies still sceptical

By Sa'eda Kilani Profitures 10 & Special to the Jordan Times

Special was a special was special was a spec and We be members of the Jordan members of the Jordan press Association (JPA) Press Association (JPA)
will take the oath for JPA
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will take the oath for JPA
strike the oath for JPA thei county pended from publication since February.

IPA President Sulciman

IPA Freshoute Qudah said be hoped the JPA President Suleiman Qual sau or roped issue will be solved and the two weeklies will start retwo weekines will be the printing again. But chief editors of both newspapers The continue Al Bilad publisher Nayef

Tourah said the Press and Publications Department would come up with new ": 'Cart': that is excuses to reject any new nominee for the chief editor post. He said Al Bilad thad so far presented the applications of four " nominees for the post, but in the sall four were rejected by the department.

Last February Hawadeth Al Sa'ah and Al Bilad were suspended on the basis that their chief editors were not considered JPA members, according to head of the Press and Publications Department

**PPD) Mohammad Amin.

**ITTIS 10 lives : kinama In a statement In a statement issued at the time and distributed to Al Dustour Printing Press - where the weekhes are

newspapers, Mr. Amin said the two publications should be suspended because their chief editors did not take the oath.

According to the Press and Publications Law, chief editors of daily and weekly newspapers, except for pobtical party publications, should be JPA members. Mr. Qudah said that the two nominated chief editors, Yusuf Ghishan of Al Bilad and Jamal Shawaheen of Hawadeth Al Sa'ah, did not enjoy full membership since they have not been sworn in.

The law does not specify any date for holding the swearing-in ceremony. The last time JPA members took the oath was July 8, last year.

Mr. Qudah said he filed several requests over the past two months to hold the ceremony, but Minister of Information Khaled Karaki, who presides over the event, bad a busy schedule. He said the JPA did not take any action in the past since all the PPD's demands were all "legal." But if procrastination tactics are still used after the swearing-in ceremony takes place, the JPA would take a different stand, he

. Mr. Oudah said the association is in contact with the concerned authorities and is exerting all efforts to

PPD) have their own legal reasons," he said.

Ben Mohammad, the King's

cultural secretary, Director

of the Crown Prince's Office

Michel Hamarneb, Prince

Hassan's advisor Insan Sbur-

dom, RSS President and

Secretary General of the

Higher Council of Science and Technology Hani Mulqi,

Director General of the Civil

Aviation Authority Ahmad

Jweibir, Director General of

the Royal Geographic Centre

Brigadier Salim Khalifeh and

Bahraini Charge d'Affaires

Shortly after his arrival,

Abdul Rahman Al Suleiti.

Sheikh Salman visited the

Royal Geographic Centre

where he was briefed on its

establishment. development

"As long as the measures taken are legal, we can't possibly protest or do anything," said Mr. Qudah, also president of the International Journalist Organisation, and chief editor of Al Ra'i newspaper.

"If there were any violation of the law, we will certainly take action," he

 The two weeklies. Hawadeth Al Sa'ah and Al Bilad, had filed cases in court to contest the suspension decision. While Al Bilad filed its case only two weeks ago, because "they had bopes that a compromising solution would be reached," according to Mr. Tourah, publisher of Hawadeth Al Sa'ah, Riad Hroub, took the PPD to court a week after the sus-

The court's ruling in Hawadeth Al Sa'ah's case is expected to be pronounced on Tuesday.

pension was effective.

We are not concerned about the swearing-in ceremony," Dr. Hronb said.
"It is a farce. They are playing games with us."
"We are awaiting the court's ruling," be added. "All what we are concerned about is whether the

government or a minister

or director can bave the

cials to scout for an office and residential quarters... The team will come back to Annuan after completing the formalities related

to the facilities and then last diplomatic posting outreturn to the Gaza Strip to formally open the interests

section. "We expect the office to be open and functional by late May or early June," Mr. Mbeideen told the Jordan Times. The precise title of Mr. Majali was not immediately known, but it is likely to be "head of mission," he said.

The Jordanian interest section will be the fourth Arab haison office in the Gaza Strip. Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia have already opened similar offices in the Gaza Strip, which, along with the West Bank town of Jericho, went under Palestinian autonomy in May 1994. Mr. Majali has served as

attaché at the Jordanian embassy in former Yugoslavia and at the Kingdom's mission in Washington. His

side was as first secretary at the Jordanian mission in

Cairo, Egypt. The Jordanian interests section is expected to be opened by the foreign minister, Abdul Karim Kabariti. Officials said the delay in opening the interest section was mainly due to the heavy schedule the minister had been keeping since assuming office in January.

It will be Mr. Kabariti's first visit to Gaza as foreign minister as and when he travels to the Mediterranean strip to open the office.

Jordan and the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) agreed in January that the Kingdom would open the interest section in the Gaza Strip to liaise between Amman and the PNA. The agreement was

part of a broad accord signed by Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Sbaker and PNA President Yasser Arafat, who is also chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO):

Gaza interest section

A foreign ministry team visited the Gaza Strip in late February and held talks with Mr. Arafat, PNA Planning Minister Nabil Shaath and other officials of the self-rule authority on Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation and issues related to the interests sec-

The Jordanian decision to open an interest section in the Gaza Strip is seen as a move aimed at consolidating the Palestinian question to formally establish their identity in the occupied territories. Jordan was among the

first Arab countries to extend recognition to the independent state of Palestine proclaimed in November 1988 by the Palestine National Council in Algiers. The Kingdom was also the first Arab country to upgrade the status of the PLO office in Amman to tbat of a diplomatic mis-

In practical terms, the interests section in the Gaza Strip would serve as a key reference point for all technical matters related to Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation in various sec-

The office will also be authorised to validate Palestinian documents for acceptance in Jordan. These will include birth and death certificates, export documents, educational certificates etc.

right to suspend a publicasolve the issue as quickly as Europe requires feasibility studies to support Jordan's water projects'

amentary delegation which oncloded a visit to Germany aded in Saudi Arabie cently, Saturday said the an water and dam projects in ordan was hindering Euroean support to such pro-

At a meeting with the Lowance Committee in the pre-nce of Planning Minister ima Khalaf and Post and ima Khalaf and Post and ommunications Minister and Saraireh, the delegaon said Jordan thus far did
a complete feasibility stucts to be carried out in order to take cown sale splementation of the Jordan-Israeli peace treaty.

This, they noted This, they noted, makes it ficult for Europe to help micult for Europe to help
rdan in carrying out these
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They said Germany, for instance, was willing to help the Kingdom, but it is faced with the problem of lack of feasibility studies on projects to be carried out in Jordan. They stressed that German

officials they met with had emphasised that there were many opportunities available to the Jordanian side and that Jordan should move to benefit from them. The delegation members

stressed the importance of establishing close coordination between the Lower House of Parliament and the Ministry of Planning to formulate plans to attract foreign investments to

Dr. Khalaf told the meeting that the Ministry of Planning usually receives European officials and

businesspersons and familiarises them with investment opportunities in the country. She said the ministry will present the House Finance Committee with a full report

> At the outset of the meeting, Dr. Khalaf briefed the parliamentarians on the outcome of His Majesty King Hussein's recent visits to France and the U.S. and issues the King discussed with officials in the two countries, particularly with regard to supporting the Jordanian economy after the signing of

on such activities.

She said the U.S. pledged to work on writing off the remainder of the \$480 million in Jordanian debts to the U.S. before the end of this

the Jordanian-Israeli peace

Jerusalem's Anglican bishop sends Easter message of love journey of peace and justice

AMMAN (J.T.) — On the eve of Easter Sunday, His Eminence Samir Kafity, the Anglican hishop of Jerusalem, issued the following Easter message focusing on the significance of the boly city to the Christian faith:

"From this point on the Mount of Olives, at 2,500 feet above sea level, we are looking over Jerusalem, the mother city of our Christian faith. Our Lord bimself caught sight of Jerusalem from a place near bere, and spontaneously wept over it. His tears came because Jerusalem did not recognise the things which were best for its

This year at Easter tide, we are all looking to Jerusalem and at Jerusalem. We see it, along with our two sisters' Abrahamic faiths, as a

While there is much to cause us to weep over it, we can also see this city as the starting point for the joint

for Muslims, Jews, and Christians. Let us view the city through the eyes of St. Paul and see Jerusalem as 'Free, the mother of us ail.' as he puts it in Galatians

The motherhood of Jerusalem for Jews, Christians and Muslims equally and without discrimination, is perbaps what Jerusalem

could offer us this Easter." Jerusalem contains the only cathedral in the world with an empty tomb. Here is the city where the son of God died a cruel death on a cross. Here also he rose from the dead. Death simply could not hold the Prince of Life.

The empty tomb of Jeru-salem bas for us this tremendous message of bope and new life, the resurrection, the triumph of love. God's love, over every evil, the triumph of life over death, the triumph of light over darkness."

Sudan, Jordan sign agreement to cooperate in higher education change of expertise between reports and literary work.

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan and Sudan Saturday signed an executive programme for the implementation of an agreement on conperation in higher education.
The agreement, signed by

Minister of Higher Education Rateb Saoud and visiting Sudanese Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research Ibrahim Ahmad Al Omar, calls for exchange of visits by faculty members to deliver lectures, cooperation in general research work conducted in Sudanese and Jordanian universities, excentres for scientific re-search, organising seminars on topics of mutual interest and visits by students from the two countries.

Under the terms of the agreement, Sudan will grant Jordanian students six scholarships for post graduate studies, and Jordan will grant Sudan five post graduate scholarships at Jordanian universities for the academic years from 1995 through 1997.

The two sides will also exchange publications, research

The University of Jordan, cordially invite you

to attend a series of lectures for a group of

Dr. Al Omar said Sudan was looking forward to increasing cooperation with Jordan in various domains. He voiced his delegation's appreciation of Jordan's readiness to cooperate with his country.

Dr. Saoud expressed bope that Sudan and Jordan would: reach an agreement on twinning their respective higher educational institutions in order to further promote joint work in bigher education and research fields.

Measures for Structure

ter projects whose costs tount to about \$400 mil-WHAT'S GOING ON

ie following listings are compiled from onthly bulleons and the daily Arabic press. d place with the concerned institutions.

FILMS

Film (in German) entitled "Der Zerbrochene Krug" at Goethe Institut at 7:00

That 'I'm entitled "Gothic" at the Phoenix allery for Culture and Art at 12:00 noon nd 9:00 p.m.

POETRY RECITAL

octry recital by Mohammad Lafi, Hanna ibu Hanna, Mahmoud Al Tal, Yousef ibdni Aziz, and Shawqi Baghdadi at the hoenix Gallery for Culture and Art at · View A-J

EWELLERY DISPLAY

a exhibition of jewellery inspired by the ture of Dhana (designed by Ammar bammash in cooperation with the Royal ciety for Conservation of Nature) at gat Al Funun.

LECTURE

cture (in Arabic) entitled "Israeli Cule Towards Arabs and Arab Culture" Dr. Ibrahim Abu Jaber at Abdul meed Shoman Foundation at 6:30 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

aders are advised to verify the listed time A Exhibition of plastic art by several Jordanian artists at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.

☆ Exhibition of paintings by Mahmoud Sadeo at Alia Art Gallery. ☆ Photography exhibition entitled "Fuentes

de la Memoria" at Instituto Cervantes (the

Spanish Cultural Centre). * Exhibition of water colour and oil paintings by Jordanian artist Sa'id Haddadin at

Orfali Art Gallery. ★ Exhibition of paintings by Samer Osama at the French Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of paintings by Mohammad Mahrul Din Adhim at Balqa Art Gallery,

A collection of photos of Middle East doors by Julia Reinholt at the Gallery, off the main lobby. Inter.Continental Hotel. Exhibition of art by Moroccan artist Farid

Belkhahia at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation.

★ Exhibiton of copper sculptures by Iraqi artist Mohammad Hussein Judi at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art. Exhibition of graphic works by Rafiq Labham at Darat Al Funun. Also displaying works by contemporary Arab artists.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Parliamentary team In Oman for talks

MUSCAT (Petra) - A Jordanian parliamentary delegation led by Senate Speaker Ahmad Lawzi Saturday opened talks in Muscat with Omani Deputy Premier Fahr Ben Mahmond Al Saced and Abdullah Quteibi, bead of the Omani shura (consultative council). Mr. Lawzi briefed the Omani leaders on the Jordan-Israel peace treaty, stressing that it secured the restoration of Jordanian lands and water resources. Mr. Lawzi voiced Jordan's support for any inter-Arab dialogue and expressed the Kingdom's continued desire to promote its relations with Oman and the Arab Gulf states. Mr. Quteibi said Oman was keen on maintaining the strongest possible ties with Jordan and supports its endeavours at the pan-Arab and international levels. He said that Oman realises the numerous challenges facing the Kingdom and bopes that other Arab countries take positive stands towards the country.

King Abduliah Canal undergoes maintenance

AMMAN (Petra) - Work is under way to raise the efficiency of the King Abdullah Canal in the Jordan Valley and saving at least 10 per cent of the water that is currently lost or wasted, according to Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) Secretary General Hashem Shboul. He said in a statement Saturday that the JD 9.65 million project which will be completed in 30 months entails general maintenance of the canal, raising the walls, clearing and dredging the water way, removing residues and earth that collected from flood rains, and maintaining the canal gates through which water flows. Once the project has been completed, said Mr. Shboul, a great deal of water that used to be lost through cracks in the canal and worn-out gates would be saved. Mr. Shboul said that the project is being partly financed through a \$5 million loan obtained from the European Investment Bank.

Birgham Young University Professors (U.S.A), according to the following schedule: 9:00-10:30 11:00-12:30 University of Jordan, Said Al Mufti Auditorium 24/4 Break Dr.Merritt Dr.Rollins MONDAY "Damage Potential Mapping "Lake Quality to Define Influence **Studies** of Local Soil Conditions and Evaluations" on Earthquake Damage" 25/4 Ministry of Water and Irrigation ,8th floor Auditorium Dr. Merritt Dr. Miller Break TUESDAY "Automated Water "Optimal Design of Shed Runoff Sewer Systems" Analysis" 26/4 University of Jordan, Said Al Mufti Auditorium WEDNESDAY **Dr.Rollins** Break Dr. Merritt "Identification and "Satellite Hydrology" Mitigation

on Collapsible Soils" OPEN INVITATION

Corrosion is

weakening Tai Mahal -- expert

NEW DELHI (AP) Corrosion of metal rods

side the Taj Mahal is weak ing the 17th century tomi

news agency reported Frid

Iron fasteners that hold h

marble slabs together

the monument could colla

if the corrosion spreads

areas which support the h

onion-shaped dome, said I

K.I. Vasu, a scientist, in

interview with Press Trust

India news agency. Dr. Va

a former head of the Cent

Electrochemical Research

stitute, a federal laborate

that studies corresion, s

gested a detailed investig

tion of the structure to det

mine the extent of corrosic

Because of the corrosion, t

marble inside was crack

and chipping, Dr. Vasu sa

The decay can be stopped

replacing the iron fasten

with those made from son

rust-resistant alloy, he sa

The corrosion is the late

danger to the once pea

white marble tomb in As

that is yellowing because

sulfur gases from factor

around. India's Suprer

Court has ordered closure

200 of the worst polluti

factories around the T

others continue to spew (

smoke. The increase in t

number of tourists has led

more cars and buses, agg

vating the problem. Air sai

ples collected around the T:

125 miles (200 kilometre

south of New Delhi, we

found to contain as much

eight times the permissit

quantities of suspended ch

Surviving Dionne

Mahal, but thousands

dangerously corroding,

Key evidences found at Japan cult complex in Fuji City

TOKYO (R) — Japan's vaporised. No firms make police reportedly have linked these plastic bags. through physical evidence a poison gas attack last month in Tokyo's subways with a doomsday cult, news reports

said Saturday. The Yomiuri newspaper said police found specially homemade plastic bags, the same type of containers used in the March 20 attacks, at the complex of the Aum Shinro Kyo (Aum Supreme Truth Sect) at the foot of Mount Fnji west of Tokyo.

At a building called the "Seventh Satian" at the Kamiku Ishhiki Complex, police also found a liquid dispenser used to pour sarin into the bags and the same organic solvent, di-ethyl aniline, that was found on Tokyo subways after the

Inside subway carriages, police found 11 bags made of three layers of plastic which were pricked with a needle to release liquid sarin which

these plastic bags.

Twelve people died and 5,000 passengers were injured in the March 20 attack. The bags were sealed three-

times using a special laminating machine, which was found at the sect's building in Fuji City, just south of their main complex, Yomiuri said. Yomiuri and Asahi Shim-

bun also said police would soon take sect guru Shoko Asahara into custody to question him about the allegations. More than 100 followers have been arrested, including six top officials, but Ashara has not been seen in poblic since the day before the subway attack. Police refused to comment

on the reports. Meanwhile, police in

Tokyo's twin port city Yokohama were looking for a man who "smelled like pepper" and was thought to be linked to Japan's third poison gas attack in a month.

thrown into the hunt for those responsible for Friday's latest attack at a Yokohama department store in which 27 people were taken to hospit-

It followed an attack Wednesday at Yokohama's main railway station in which 500 people were briefly hospitalised and a March 20 nerve gas attack on the Tokyo subway system where 12 died and 5,000 were in-

Witnesses said they felt a pain in their throat when a man who "smelled like pepper" walked past them. Police suspect the man may have released the unidenti-

fied fumes as he rode on escalators in the multi-floor Sarin gas was not used in. either attack in Yokohama,

Police refused to rule out the possibility the same group

Japan's major port near

was behind all three attacks. But they also were worried the Yokohama attacks might be copy-cat incidents which could divert police resources from the main focus of Japan's biggest-ever police investigation, the subway horror which set off the nation's present mood of fear and lack of confidence in itself as a safe society.

In other police leaks to Japanese newspapers Saturday, the Aum sect was portrayed as planning to take over the Japanese government in five years and have one of the world's most powerful military by 1999.

The Mainichi newspaper quoted the sect's 1991 document as saying: "Aum found-er and leader Shoko Asahara will be imprisoned in the 1990's but his trial will prove the existence of supernatural powers and all 100 million Japanese will become followers of Aum."

Factory blast causes huge fire in U.S.

LODI, New Jersey (AP) --A chemical plant explosion ignited a roaring fire Friday that spread to several nearby buildings and sent flames and smoke billowing high into the sky. At least 11 people were

Flames rose as high as 1,000 feet (300 metres) into the air and debris from the explosion landed blocks away from the Napp Technologies Inc. complex, authorities

About 400 people were

evacnated from several blocks around the plant, said Elaine Makatura, spokeswoman for the State Department of Environmental Pro-

"We're pretty confident that there's nothing environmentally dangerous going into the air, but we want to be sure," said Mayor Philip Toronto.

Residents were urged to close windows and keep pets indoors. Employees said about 100

Former U.S.-Lieutenant Bill Robertson (right) and former

Soviet Lieutenant Alexander Silvashko wave as they leave

onboard a jeep for a revival patrol tour of Torgau. In Torgau,

on the Elbe River, U.S. and Soviet army patrols met in April

1945 for the first time during World War II (AFP photo)

where U.S., Soviets met

TORGAU, Germany (R) — A U.S. soldiers made from their former Soviet soldier and an nearby base to the bridge the

American comrade, whose

emhrace half a century ago

symbolised Nazi Germany's

doom, shook hands again Fri-

day in the town where they

U.S. and Red Army veter-

ans, William Robertson and

Alexander Silvashko, whose

1945 photograph proved to

weary allied nations that vic-

tory over Adolf Hitler was

imminent, returned to Tor-

gau to commemorate their

Fifty years ago next Tues-

day, the two reached out to

each other across the ruins of

a blown-up Elbe River

Bridge in the East German

city, a meeting which marked

the beginning of the end of

the Eastern and Western

"At the time I felt some-

thing heroic had happened,"

said Mr. Silvashkov, a Be-

lorussian now aged 73 who

for the reunion.

euphoric feelings.

wore a bemedalled dark suit

Mr. Robertson, then a

For me it was also a

triumph over the German

Wehrmacht," said the 71-

year-old, clutching a white

baseball hat during the cere-

mony in a local medical

school's hall. "But I thought

World War II was still far

In fact Nazi Germany,

which Hitler had vowed

would rule for 1,000 years,

capitulated just two weeks

Later Friday the two veter-

ans re-enacted the journey

Robertson and three other

later on May 8.

lieutenant in the U.S. First

Army, had memories of less

historic meeting.

and their allied armies had

first met.

Fronts.

retreating Germans had des-

troyed.
The unique meeting had

been a total surprise. The

Americans' trip had started

out as a routine patrol of the

area until, as they

approached the town, they

heard for the first time that

the Soviet army was just

The Soviets were suspi-

cious at first, until a Russian

who had been captured by

the Germans on the western

Elbe bank called out to his

comrades that the Americans

Robertson and Silvashko

clambered over the bridge's

ruins to meet, and both still

sounded relieved 50 years la-

ter that the symbolic but

dangerous gesture had not

gone wrong.
On Tuesday, the actual anniversary, Mr. Robertson,

Mr. Silvashko and other

veterans — including former

German soldiers — will join

local people in a memorial

service at Torgan's War

By the time the two armies

met at Torgau, east of Leip-

zig and deep within what

became the Soviet occupa-

tion zone and later East Ger-

many, the Americans and

British had occupied most of

Under the allied accord

made at Potsdam, the U.S.

army had agreed to move

back west and hand control

of a large chnnk of land

around nearby Leipzig over

rebuilt by the East Germans and dedicated to peace.

The bridge itself was later

across the river.

had arrived.

Cemetery.

Germany.

to the Soviets.

Veterans shake hands

people worked in the plant, but most would not have arrived by the time of the blast, shortly before 8 a.m. Hackensack Medical Cen-

tre said it was treating 11 people injured in the explosion. Spokeswoman Theresa Alaimo said eight were in fair condition and one was in critical condition. The conditions of the other two were unavailable.

At least eight of the injured are plant employees, Mr. Makatura said.

Malaysia Front woos voters with development dollar

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — With two days before Malaysia goes to the polls Monday, Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad's powerful National Front coalition has ratcheted up its campaigning, launching projects throughout the country and promising more development dollars to states who

Mr. Mahathir left the north western state of Penang Saturday for one last pitch at opposition-controlled Kelantan state but not before he opened a 92 million ringgit (\$37.3 million) hospital, launched an 96 million ringgit (\$38.8 million) indoor stadium, opened a vocational school and witnessed the signing of a 160 million ringgit (\$65 million) state-wide

water supply project.

1t was Mr. Mahathir's second visit in two weeks to Penang state, where the opposition Democratic Action Party (DAP), Malaysia's largest opposition party, is fighting an aggressive polls

hattle with the front. On his way to Kelantan, Mr. Mahathir, who has mounted a tireless whirlwind campaign tour from populous Penang to rural townships in the North Borneo state of Sabah, will stop over at the mining state of Perak to open a 34 million ringgit (\$13.8 million) vocational school.

On Friday, Deputy Prime Minister Anwar Ibrahim, Mr. Mahathir's heir apparent launched a 1.9 billion ringgit (\$769 million housing project in the country's southernmost state of Johor.

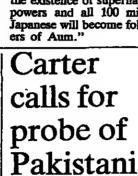
Opposition-run Kelantan state, through a supplementary National Front manifesto, was promised one billion ringgit (\$405 million) in infrastructure development if it voted in the coalition by the Front's state chief Annuar Musa Thursday.

Kelantan, currently in the firm grasp of an opposition fundamentalist Islamic party, was also promised that some 100,000 job opportunities would be created if the Front

"We will deliver what we bave promised if we're given the mandate to rule once again in Kelantan," the Sun newspaper quoted Mr. Annuar as saying

He said Mr. Mahathir had given his blessings and an assurance of the government's commitment in fulfillmg the manifesto.

In small villages where Malaysia's Orang Asli or indigenous people live, roads are being upgraded and power generators presented to villagers by candidates.



murder

ATLANTA (R) - Former President Jimmy Carter called on Pakistan to give top priority to its investigation of the murder of a 12-year-old boy who was one of the country's leading campaigners against child labour.

Calling the shooting death of Iqbal Masih a tragic loss, Mr. Carter also said American consumers could help to curb the exploitation of chil-dren in the Third World by questioning the origins of foreign-made carpets.
"It is not often that people

risk their own lives to bring hope and liberation to others," Mr. Carter said in a statement.

Masih worked as a carpet weaver from the age of four, when he was sold by his parents to a factory, until he was 10, much of the time shackled to a loom, according to his account to an interna-Sweden last November.

After learning of a law aimed at preventing exploitation of children two years ago, he declared his own freedom and organised efforts to educate other children about their rights. Mr. Carter said the boy's campaign had liberated hundreds of children until he was shot dead Sunday as he and two friends rode their bicycles in

his village of Muridke.

A labour reform group to which Masih belonged has said landowners or carpet markers were behind the murder, but police say all reports point to a man whom the boy and two relatives had seen having sex with a donk-

"Whatever the outcome of the investigation, which I hope the government of Pakistan will make a top priority, the loss of this courageous human being is

tragic," Mr. Carter said. The Carter Centre said Pakistani human rights lawyer Hina Jilani, a member of the centre's International Human Rights Council, also is investigating the murder.

The former president belongs to an advisory commit-tee that recommended Masih for a human rights award from athletic-shoe manufacturer Reebok International

A Vietnamese schoolgirl places burning increase on war veteran's tombs in Long Khanh, which fell to the North Vietnamese 20 years the war (AFP photo) Hanoi plans muted celebration of 1975 Vietnam War victory United States, not hurt it, HANOI (AP) - Vietnam's The government has also leaders, wary of upsetting the given the celebration a lower trend toward better ties with priority than the 50th their former American anniversary this September enemy, plan a toned-down of Vietnam's declaration of celebration of the Communindependence from colonial ist victory over U.S. ally

South Vietnam 20 years ago this month.
"We will celebrate solemnly but thriftily," said the minister of culture and information, Tran Hoan, at a news conference Friday. Mr. Hoan is head of the committee planning events to mark the capture of Saigon by

Communist forces on April 30, 1975. Organisers have arranged a modest civilian and military march rather than a fullblown military parade in the former South Vietnamese capital, known today as Ho Chi Minh City. Parades are expensive and require too mnch rehearsing and equip-

Secretary General Boutros

Ghali Saturday denied the organisation needed to be

radically restructured, saying

it was fully capable of coping

with the world's current

"I believe the U.N. has the

possibility to deal with the

problems of the post cold

war. We do not need a change, a drastic change,"

Dr. Ghali, who arrived

here Friday for a four-day

visit, said that what was

needed was not a restructur-

ing of the organisation but

"the political will" of mem-

He said that the main prob-

foreign policy here.

Ghali told a forum on

problems.

ment, Mr. Hoan said.

France after World War II. Events for National Day, as it's known, will continue from Sept. 2 nntil the end of the year, Mr. Hoan said. In contrast, the official victory bash in Ho Chi Minh City will last just a few days.

Events will include the march as well as dragon dances, outdoor concerts, speeches by Communist Party leaders and ceremonies to honour dead soldiers. The government hopes to emphasise the theme of re-

conciliation and its desire to make friends with all coumtries as it seeks to modernise its war-ravaged economy. The celebration, therefore, should help improve Viet-nam's relationship with the

the United Nations was that

member states could not

agree bow to use the United

Nations to solve international

A growing number of de-

veloping countries have cal-

led for reforms to the United

Nations to make it more

effective and more attuned to

the world's problems which

have changed vastly in the 49

years since the organisation

called for was the restructur-

ing of the U.N. Security

Conncil, expanding its

permanent membership from

Dr. Ghali said that the

U.N. was already undergoing

Included in the reforms

Ghali: No need to restructure U.N.

problems.

was set up.

the current five.

JAKARTA (AFP) - U.N. lem with the effectiveness of

Mr. Hoan said.

Relations between the United States and Vietnam have improved dramatically in the past few years. President Bill Clinton ended a 19-year economic embargo against Vietnam last year, and the two countries set up liaison offices in each other's capitals in January.

U.S. officials say they're pleased with Vietnam's cooperation so far in efforts to learn the fate of 1,621 U.S. servicemen missing in action from the war — still the main obstacle to full diplomatic re-

Some congressmen want to upgrade ties with Hanoi and exchange ambassadors as early as this year, but a minority of activists and relatives of some of the missing men insist the Vietnamese must do more to help on the MIA issue first.

cluding a reduction in the

numbers of its international

civil servants as well as its

budget.
"We are doing the reforms

but at the same time, we're

receiving increasing demands

from member countries," be

He said such demands in-

cluded calls for technical

assistance, human rights pro-

tection, for help in the pro-

cess of democratisation and

intervention in peace keeping

He said that one of the

main problems facing the Un-

ited Nations was finding

donor countries. "It is getting

more and more difficult to

find a donor country," the

complained.

quints want compensation

MONTREAL (R) - TIthree surviving Dionne qui tuplets expect the Ontar government to respond th week to their demand for compensation for being e ploited as tourist attraction during their depression-e childhood, one of their so said. Cecile, Annette Yvonr Dionne, who are 60 year old, asked for Canadian do lars 10 million (\$7.3 million in compensation in a lette sent to Ontario Premier Bc Rae last November. In the letter, they said they wer exploited by the governmen during their childhood : northeastern Ontario in th 1930s. "From our birth, w were taken hostage, deprive of personal liberty without being allowed to go out: public, and financially en ploited until our majority they said. When the quint plets reached 21, the age majority, they were car given Canadian dolla 160,000 (\$116,000) from trust fund established wi profits from their commerci endorsements. "In my opiion, they should have r ceived Canadian dollars million (\$3.65 million)," Be trand Dionne, Cecile's & and spokesman for the si ters, said. "These wome were kept in a fishbowl fi

the benefit of the public.

RICHMOND, Virginia ()

Lesbian ioses

custody fight

for son in

Virginia

4 rebels killed in Philippine bombing

ZAMBOANGA, Philippines (R) — Four Muslim rebels were killed and six others wonnded when Philippine warplanes bombed an island near the southern city of Zamboagna, the military said

Saturday.

The Thursday bombing of a was part of a military hunt for the remnants of fleeing bands of Moslim extremists who raided the town of Ipil on April 4 and killed 53 largely nnarmed civilians, Marine Colonel Ponciano Millena

told Renters. He said the bombing was necessary because ground troops found it hard to pursue the rebels on the island

covered mostly by swamp.
"It is very difficult to operate in the swamps which has been the haven of criminals and lawless elements. You could easily get stuck in the mud, making it hard for our men to go after the enemy,"

case that has been beset with

problems, Jndge Ito was

meeting in his chambers with

individual jurors on a volun-

A court spokeswoman said

any juror who wanted to talk

to the judge was welcome to

do so. She said the judge was

talking to jurors with lawyers

from both sides present as

tary basis.

The bombing, which occurred at 15-minnte intervals. caused some panic among coastal residents as they felt the ground shake during each

Abont 40 more rebels are being pursued, including 15 who are believed to have participated in the Ipil raid, Col. Millena said.

More than 200 heavilyarmed guerrillas, linked to the Muslim fundamentalist group Abu Sayyaf, caused widespread damage in Ipil, 790 kilometres southwest of

President Fidel Ramos

ordered an all-out offensive against the attackers and gave the military 60 days to round np the rebels. The rebels killed 20 of the hostages they had seized during their flight, survivors

The government said its troopers had killed 41 Ipil

Military checkpoints have been installed in Zamboanga and other major commercial centres on Mindanao Island to prevent a repeat of the

The rebel Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), which has entered into peace negotiations with government has repeatedly denied any participation in the raid.
MNLF Chairman Nur Mis-

uari, from his residence in the Middle East, said his group is committed to the peace pro-

Meanwhile, police have arrested eight Muslims in a swoop on a Muslim community Thursday night for illegal possession of firearms. They will be questioned about their links with the Abu Sayyaf. President Ramos Friday

called for officials and the people to support the govern-ment in fighting Muslim ex-

— A 25-year-old lesbian lost legal battle for custody of h son on Friday when the Vir

ma Supreme Court ruled th her sexuality could put t child at risk of social cone mnation. In a case watch closely by gay rights ground across the United States, t justices split 4-3 in overtus ing a lower appellate con ruling allowing Sharon B toms to regain custody three-year-old Tyler Do woman is expected to seek the rehearing of the case, it is are raise. tou. Legal experts said ! The mother is an un custodian at this time, 4. the child's best interes would be prompted awarding custody to grandmother." Justice Christian Compton with Suzanne Goldberg of N York's Lamda Legal Defar Fund said the ruling depart from a national trends. which judges have ruled ! men and women to be of petent parents. Her gro supported Bottoms in friend-of-conrt filing the asked justices to base the decision on historical dence rather than on '\$ culation" about problet that may lie ahead for child. The court said the was evidence that Botton has a history of moving in place to place, that she

Simpson jurors rebel over removal of guardians

LOS ANGELES (R) - Most most serious crisis yet in a of the jurors in the O.J. Simpson murder trial rebelled Friday over the removal of three sheriff's deputies who had been guarding the panel.

Thirteen members of the panel of 12 jurors and six alternates refused to board the bus that takes them daily from their hotel to the courtroom, demanding that Judge Lance Ito come talk to them. They eventually agreed to go to court but all wore black as a sign of protest and said they would refuse to enter the jury box until they had spoken to

the judge. Court sources said two of the mntinous jurors, both female blacks, broke down and cried Thursday when they learned that the three deputies had been removed In an effort to deal with the of the jurors, who he said had on Judge Ito's orders.

well as to Commander Patrick Holland of the Sheriff's Department. Legal analysts said Judge Ito was faced with the very real prospect of having to

could defuse the explosive atmsophere in the jury room. "He is going to need the wisdom of Solomon to resolve this thing," Sheriff Sherman Block commented on KTLA TV. He said he

declare a mistrial unless he

fewer liberties than prisoners on the night of June 12, 1994. in the jails he supervises. The jury has been sequestered since Jan. 11 - virtual prisoners in their hotel — and racial tensions reportedly are

rampant, but Friday's rebel

included black and white Six jurors have already left the panel and the pool of

alternates has dwindled from 12 to six. With the case proceeding at a snail's pace and looking as though it could last another six months, the prospect of not having enough jurors by the end of it looms

Simpson, a football hero turned popular sportscaster and TV pitchman, has pleaded not guilty to the stabbing deaths of his ex-wife. Nicole Brown Simpson, and her friend, Ronald Goldman, who were murdered outside Nicole Simpson's townhouse

Simpson was arrested a week later and has remained in jail ever since. Judge Ito had the deputies

- two white males and a white female - relieved of their jury duties Thursday after he mterviewed a female black juror who asked to be taken off the panel.

"I can't take it anymore," the 25-year-old juror said, according to a transcript of their meeting. "It's just a combination of things throughout the last three months.

Serious troubles were brought to light last week when dismissed juror Jeanette Harris went public on television, saying the panellists were torn by racial strife, that jurors had fought physically and that some deputies were promoting racial tensions by place to place, that she favouring white panellists on the support of others.



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Rebels storm Sri Lanka army camp, 34 dead

COLOMBO (AFP) - Tamil rebels Saturday overran an army camp in eastern Sri Lanka killing at least 20 soldiers, wounding 41 others and losing 14 of their own men, in the worst attack since they ended a three-month truce, officials said.

Ignoring international criticism of their renewed military campaign for independence, the Tigers brought the death toll from fighting in the country's northeast to 56 in three days, according to the military officials.

Dozens of guerrillas from the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) stormed the army camp in Kaddamuruvi Kulam in the coastal Batticaloa district. killing at least 20 soldiers and wounding 41 others, the offi-cials said.

Another 11 troopers were rissing following the attack, the worst since the Tigers ended their truce with the government Wednesday by blowing up two navy vessels and killing 12 sailors in northeast Trincomalee.

The military here said that security forces had retaken the camp and brought the "situation under control" following nine hours of fighting in which 14 LTTE cadres were also killed.

"We have reestablished the camp. The Tigers have fled the area after the attack," chief military spokesman, Brigadier Nihal Jayakody, said.

At least 36 security personnel and 20 LTTE cadres have died in fighting since the LTTE unilaterally pulled out of the truce.

About 120 troops were in the camp when the rebels, firing mortars, rockets and small arms, pounded and torched the base before fleeing in the face of army reinforcements rushed to the scene with air support, officials

Prior to their initial onslaught Wednesday, the LTTE announced it was withdrawing from peace negotiations aimed at resolving the protracted ethnic conflict that has killed more than 30,000 in the past two decades.

As the fighting intensified President Chandrika Kumaratunga cancelled her planned trip Sunday to France where she was to attend a meeting of Sri Lanka's aid donors

later this month. The increased violence came despite the European Union's (EU) appeal to the Tigers not to escalate the war and Washington's strong criticism of the rebels for breaking the truce.

In a statement Friday, the EU urged the LTTE not to "escalate the hostilities" and "give a positive answer" to the government's peace drive and commence negotiations "on the elements of a political solution.

Saturday's LTTE strike came shortly after the guerrillas killed four policemen in an ambush in neighbouring Trincomalee district and wounded another three elite police commandos in the adjoining Ampara district.

Mrs. Kumaratunga has deinited the LTTE attacks as "a temporary setback," and at a public rally in southern Matara Friday she vowed to resolve the conflict "with or without" the backing of the

The navy Saturday thwarted a bid by the LTTÉ to blow up three of its vessels

from Rwandan governmet

The workers said up to 200 were wounded at Kibeho,

where Rwanda's now Tutsi-

dominated army has moved

in to close the camp and pin

down Hutus they believe

took part as militiamen in last

year's genocide of up to a million people, mainly Tut-

to 200 wounded in Kibeho.

The number of dead are un-

confirmed because no one

can get out to count the

bodies but that is the esti-

mate," said one official
"There is shooting in Kibeho right now. The U.N. Zam-

bian force and other foreign

elements are together under

"There are definitely 100



U.N. special envoy Yasushi Akashi (centre) sits with the U.N. in New York at Sarajevo Airport on a chair and negotiates via satellite telephone (AFP photo)

N. Korea leaves open possibility of talks

TOKYO (R) - North Korea left open the possibility for the first time Saturday that it might reopen talks with the United States on their deal to end the Communist state's suspected weaponsproducing nuclear program-

A statement by the North Korean Foreign Ministry carried by the official Korean Central News Agency (KCNA), monitored in Tokyo, said Pyongyang was studying a proposal by the United States to hold higherlevel talks after meetings be-

tween technical experts broke down in Berlin this

The talks stalled over North Korean opposition to the U.S. proposal that rival South Korea supply reactors to replace Pyongyang's present models which produce plutonium that could be used in nuclear weapons.

"Just after the negotiations broke off, roving ambassador of the U.S. State Department Robert Gallucci proposed political talks with the DPRK (North Korea) in the first week of May in Geneva," a

Foreign Ministry spokesman

'We will take a necessary decisive measure after getting a detailed report of the negotiations from the DPRK delegation and sounding out the real intention of the U.S. side on the government level."

The comment backed away from what appeared an outright rejection of higher-level talks by North Korean delegates when the Berlin talks broke down Friday, a deadline set by Pyongyang for settlement of the issue.

Nerve gas attack at Disneyland foiled

NEW YORK (R) — Federal authorities say they foiled an apparent "terrorist" plan for a Japanese-style gas attack on Disneyland amusement park over Easter, the Baltimore Sun reported.

In its Saturday editions the newspaper, quoting unnamed federal officials, said the suspected attack was interrupted when two Japanese travellers were picked up at Los Angeles International Air-

The Sun said the two Japanese men were picked up shortly before Easter after Tokyo police alerted the FBI that they were flying in. The paper said it did not know the current status of the two

According to the newspaper, the two are associated with the cult Aum Shinri Kyo which is suspected of releasing sarin nerve gas into the Tokyo subway last month killing 12 people. The sect has denied any links to that

The two were said to have carried written instructions on how to manufacture sarin and a videotape revealing details of plans for an attack.

Federal officials, according to the newspaper, were earlier contacted by Disneyland executives after they received a letter suggesting something was going to happen at the park in Anaheim, California. The Sun said President Bill Clinton had referred to the case without disclosing specifics when he referred to a "possible terrorist incident"

which he said federal authorities had been ready to try and prevent. Mr. Clinton mentioned the

case as an example of unseen counter-terrorist activity by the government.

The Sun said federal offierals had not denied the information but said they could not discuss that sort of case or ongoing investigation. An 11:1 spokesman, Paul Bresson said there would be "no official comment at this

The newspaper reported that the case had resulted in eight members of a special team that deals with chemical agents heing sent to Disneyland to assess the danger on April 13 three days before Easter.

Italy's right more united than left for Sunday's regional elections

ROME (AFP) - Campaigning for Sunday's Italian regional polls, seen as a trial run for general elections demanded by former Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi, ended with a show of unity by rightist parties while the left seemed more divided.

All four main parties of the right and centre-right attended a rally Friday night in Rome.

Gianfranco Fini, leader of the far-right National Alliance, was given a stand-ing ovation while Rocco Buttiglione — a recent arrival in the rightist camp centred on Berlusconi -- made a strong

anti-Communist speech. Mr. Buttiglione accused the Communists of "seeking to take money from the rea workers," comments which drew thunderous applause...

He was rejected earlier this vear by his Popular Party formerly the centrist Christian Democrats who until 1994 dominated post-war Italian politics- when half the members of the movement's executive elected to replace him as leader.

For its part the Italian left. headed by Massimo D'Ale-

ma's Democratic Party of the Left - formerly the Communist Party — appeared somewhat divided, which

day's poll. The single-round voting system under which the election is being conducted tends to favour larger coalitions such as the Berlusconi-led

could cost it dearly in Sun-

alliance. In contrast, several factions will be competing against each other for the left and centre-left vote.

The Northern League, a former ally of Mr. Berlusconi whose defection last December forced the media magnate's administration out of office after seven months in power, he decided to go to it alone. So has the Marxist Refounded Communist Par-

some 43 million Italians are eligible to vote, but the campaign has not attracted huge crowds.

To boost their campaigns, noth the left and the right have tried to woo Italy's popular former Judge Antonio Di Pietro, who spearheaded the massive anti-corruption Clean Hands campaign until his resigna-

Both sides are trying to capitalise on his immense popularity, despite repeated assertions by Judge Di Pietro that he is not interested in politics.

Italians however are not convinced, and were not surprised when Mr. Berlusconi announced last week that he had met the former Milan

The weekly Expresso magazine then quoted Judge Di Pietro as denying that such a meeting took place, but admitting he spoke to Mr. Berlusconi on the phone.

The left siezed the opportunity to accuse Mr. Berlusconi, but was left with egg on its face after Judge Di Pietro Friday said he had indeed met the television magnate to 'discuss politics.'

Meanwhile a leading candi-date for Mr. Berlusconi's Forza Italia party in the southern town of Sorrento was arrested Saturday for alleged corruption, judicial sources said.

Marco Fiorentino. Who is the town's mayor, was favoured for reelection Sun-

Akashi, envoys leave Sarajevo

Ghali threatens to withdraw peacekeepers

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — U.N. special envoy Yasushi Akashi and four Western diplomats left Sarajevo together by plane Saturday, bowing to threats from Bosnian Serb rebels who had prevented the quartet from entering the city.

The plane with the officials took off at 2:30 p.m. (12:30 GMT) from Sarajevo Airport en route for Zagreb, an AFP correspondent at the airport

The diplomats, including two representatives of the international Contact Group on former Yugoslavia, were effectively forced out of the city after being stranded at the airport since Friday afternoon, while Mr. Akashi said Serb leaders had snubbed his calls for talks to resolve the

The four officials were U.S. and German Contact Group experts Robert Fra-sure and Michael Steiner, U.S. charge d'affaires John Menzies and U.S. diplomat Jack Zetakulic.

Mr. Steiner said the group had "come for peace negotiations," adding: "It's not positive for the Bosnian Serbs that we have to leave like

Lieutenant Colonel Gary Coward, spokesman for General Rupert Smith who heads U.N. forces here, said the stand-off marked a "watershed" in developments in Bosnia.

He added that the Serbs had at the last minute agreed to allow the diplomats into Sarajevo. But "sadly they attached a

number of conditions which were unacceptable to both Mr. Akashi and the diplonats," he said. The U.N. official said the Serbs had demanded that the diplomats leave Sarajevo ear-

ly Saturday evening and

agree to meet Bosnian Serb leaders at Serb-held barracks in the city's Lukavica suburb. At 1:50 p.m. (1150 GMT) the Bosnian Serbs "admitted that they had perhaps made a mistake," Col. Coward

Mr. Akashi earlier Saturday agreed to leave the Bosnian capital for Zagreb with

added.

the diplomats after Serbs pressured him to take the quartet out with him, marking the latest in a series of humiliations he has suffered.

The envoy, who had tried in vain for two days to get Bosnian Serb and Bosnian government forces to agree to respect and extend a much-violated ceasefire that expires on May 1, said he had been unsuccessful in trying to meet with Serb leaders to resolve the issue.

Forced to postpone his scheduled departure from the city Friday after being threatened if he did not leave with the diplomats, Mr. Akashi said he had tried repeatedly through Saturday morning to arrange a meeting with Serb leader Radovan Karadzic or his military chief General Ratko Mladic. But "neither was availahle." He said Mr. Karadzic

might have been able to meet later, but added, "I cannot wait that long and the feeling of myself and of the diplomats is that we should go back to Zagreb."
Col. Coward said U.N.

Aguilar was en route Saturday for Pale, the separatist Serbs' mountain stronghold near Sarajevo, to try to see Serb leaders.

The crisis blew up when the diplomats arrived at the airport Friday afternoon aboard the U.N. Yak-40 aircraft that was to have flown Mr. Akashi back to Zagreb. The Serbs charged that they had not been consulted over the diplomats' presence on

The suburb where the airport is located was overflown Saturday by several planes from the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation --- AA-10 Thunderblots known as "tankbusters" — that released heat flares to divert possible missiles.

Standoffs between the Serbs besieging Sarajevo and U.N. and international officials have intensified recent-

Last week, the Serbs refused permission to the then U.S. ambassador to Bosma Victor Jacovic to leave Sarajevo hy U.N. plane.

Russian helicopters attack Chechen bastion

MOSCOW (Agencies) -Russian Helicopter gunships Saturday fired on a key rebel stronghold of Barnut in western Chechenya but ground troops made no fresh attempts to take the heavily fortified village, Interfax News Agency said.

It said four helicopter gunships raided Bamut, about 50 kilometres southwest of regional capital Grozny, in the morning. "Sporadic shoot-outs flare up every now and then but the federal troops do not launch any active operations," Interfax

Bamut, where separatists have resisted Russian troops for more than three months, is a gateway to mountainous rebel-held areas in southern Chechenya.

The Russians, who seized most of the central and northern parts of the breakaway region during a military campaign begun last December, are keen to gain control of the mountainous south as soon as possible.

Interfax said Friday 19 Russian servicemen were killed in the latest bid to seize Bamut which began earlier this month. On Wednesday they captured the village for just one day but had to retreat because of heavy rebel shelling from nearby hills.

Interfax quoted the Russian military as saying Friday troops had advanced into the bordering another Russian region, Dagestan, Chechenya's eastern neighbour. There was no independent con-

firmation of the report. Meanwhile an anti-war demonstration that began in Moscow six weeks ago and had been blocked by soldiers on the way to the Chechen capital finished quietly Friday at Grozny's bombed-out presidential palace.

About 120 people - most of them Chechen women, Buddhists and Russian soldiers' mothers - gathered at the downtown Peoples' Friendship Monument. About half of them then marched down a bombed-ont street to the palace square a

half-mile away.
A small crowd of curious assersby gathered to watch the Grozny protest Friday, and some joined in. They had not heard of the marchers, since Grozny has been without electricity or newspapers for months.

"I don't know the exact aim of this march, but I'm against Russia," said Khamad Zhuzhaev, 52, who jumped into the protest in Grozny. "Chechenya doesn' need a big brother." Others said they supported

the march but were afraid to join it. A handful of Russian soldiers with Kalashnikov assault rifles stood by. Three unarmed men in Russian uniforms broke into the circle of mountains through areas protesters at the monument

and took pictures of them. Protesters held signs with slogans such as "hands off Chechenya," and "soldiers: Every shot is a shot at your mothers," some appealed to Western leaders not to attend World War II victory celebra-

tions as planned next month

in Moscow. . The protest, organised by the Soldiers' Mothers Committee, was billed as a march from Moscow to Grozny, although protesters made much of the trip in cars and buses, including the drive into Grozny Friday.

Denied a permit to march in the Chechen capital last month, they had no permit this time but encountered no resistance from military authorities.

In recent weeks, they were blocked a few times around the village of Samashky. which was attacked by Russian Interior Ministry troops early this month, with heavy civilian casualties and widespread destruction.

On Friday, they took a northern route that avoided the village.

One of the protesters, Shumisat Zanrbekova, said she has three sons fighting with the Chechen rebels in their home town of Banut, in

sonthwest Chechenya. What can my sons do? They can't just lie down and sleep, they have to defend their home," she said. A soldier passing by, who

identified himself as Alyosha, said he didn't mind the protest but didn't think it would

change anything. 'They're walking here now, but at night there's shooting," he said.

As for his own mother, he

said, "she's here. She belps us — she cooks and helps do laundry."

In a separate development, the head of the Soros Foundation appealed publicly for help Friday in finding an American aid expert and his colleagues who have been missing in Chechenya for

nearly two weeks. Frederick Cuny, a consultant to the foundation, his interpreter and two Russian' Red Cross doctors last contacted Soros officials by radio on April 9.

This allows us to be somewhat optimistic," foundation President Arych Neier told a news conference Friday. "We think it's probable that they are alive and simply not able to contact us."

Mr. Neier said the foundation had not sent a search party to Chechenya, but had had flyers printed with Mr Curry's photograph and descriptions of Mr. Cuny and interpreter Galina Oleinik.

He said the foundation asked the U.S. embassy for help. An embassy spokesman said two embassy officers would go to Chechenya this

Polls: Chirac to be president, 2nd place unclear

PARIS (AFP) — Right-wing Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac seems certain to succeed Socialist François Mitterrand as French president, a clutch of opinion polls showed a day ahead of Sunday's first round

of voting.
The polls were carried out this week and details were released by polling institutes Saturday, ahead of Sunday's vote for which some 40 million electors are eligible. The polls may not be published in France.

But Chirac's competitor in the May 7 run-off round was less certain, with pollsters predicting Socialist candidate Lionel Jospin either slightly ahead of his right-wing rival Edouard Balladur, or both politicians neck and neck.

Three polls out of six showed Mr. Jospin with a significant lead over Prime Minister Balladur, while the other three had the two men in a virtual dead heat. Mr. Chirac and Mr. Balla-

dur are from the same Raily For the Republic (RPR) par-All the candidates were observing a truce Saturday as campaigning stopped at mid-night Friday under electoral

regulations. One poll for the IPSOS institute, carried out for the weekly Le Point Thursday and Friday, gave Mr. Chirac last presidential election in 23 per cent of the vote, a score down by two points compared to a week ago.

IPSOS said that Mr. Balladur had 19 per cent of voting intentions (one per cent down) and Mr. Jospin18 per cent (two per cent down). A total of 34 per cent were still cent. undecided,

The SOFRES institute. which also polled voters Thursday and Friday, predicted 24 per cent for Mr. Chirac, 20,5 per cent for Mr. Jospin and 16.5 per cent for Mr. Balladur. It gave the total number of undecided



French Prime Minister and presidential candidate Edouard Balladur (left) and his wife Marie-Josephe (next to him) taste a glass of St. Amour wine. France will go to the ballots

April 23 for the first round of the presidential elections. The second round will be held on May 7 (AFP photo)

voters as 25 per cent.
All the polls said that Mr. Chirac would emerge the victor in the election regardless

National Front leader Jean-Marie Le Pen came in fourth place, with 14 or 15 per cent of the vote - roughly the same as his score in the

of his rival in the second

Communist candidate Robert Hue was close to 10 per cent, slightly up on the party's 1988 score, while the two extreme-left and ecologist candidates were predicted to obtain from four to six per

The maverick right-wing candidate Philippe De Villiers would garner aboat six per cent, according to the polls which said that Jacques Cheminade, a relative unknown close to U.S. extreme; rightist Lyndon LaRouche, would virtually disappear

from slight. The composition of the run-off will play a major role in determining how France's

political landscape unfolds in the coming years, analysts said. A Chirac/Balladur contest on May 7 would leave bitter scares within the rightist camp, as the two long-time political allies have locked

horns with increasing vigour

as elections day has drawn

nearer. It would also consign the French left to a further spell in the political wilderness after electors deserted the then governing Socialist Party in droves in March 1993 general elections and in voting for the European Parliament in June

With the left having contested every presidential runoff since 1969, a Chirac/ Jospin duel would conform with tradition.

But even with the second-

with no chance of winning. The first-round elimination of Mr. Balladur would also permit his liberal wing and

Chirac Gaullist wing of the

RPR to secure a swifter re-

round support of Commun-

ist, Trotskyist and ecologist

voters, Mr. Jospin is credited

conciliation. But that would not prevent the prime minister from carrying out his declared intention of leading a right-wing opposition to a Chirac presidency, notably on economic

and social issues. Polling stations open Sunday at 06:00 GMT. They close at 1600 GMT, except in Paris and other large cities, where voting will continue until 1800 GMT.

Polling institute computer projections collated on the basis of already-counted votes will be released as soon as polling ends. Final results are expected early Monday

KIGALI (R) - Aid workers cover," the official, who demoderate Hntus. in Rwanda said Saturday up to 100 people had been killed clined to be identified, told For the past five days, Reuters. frightened Hntus in Kibeho overnight in a packed camp Major Peter Seaman, of have packed into ever smaller for tens of thousands of the Australian U.N. medical spaces which aid workers fear and a child, shot in the back. Hutus, and United Nations could breed epidemics, some support force which has were among those killed Frimedical staff and guards in Kibeho, said stray fire from positions were under fire

the Rwandan army was hitting U.N. positions.
"We don't believe they are firing at us but because the people (Hutus) are between us and the RPA there are some rounds hitting our position," he said.

Mayhem has broken out among hundreds of thousands of Hutus since Rwanda Patriotic Army (RPA) troops closed in on Kibeho and other camps for

internal refugees in southwest Rwanda. They fled there last year afraid of revenge by the Tutsi-dominated RPA after it overthrew the Hutu-led government that presided over

the slanghter of Tutsis and

Up to 100 killed in Rwandan camp, aid workers say

have tried to break through a tightening RPA cordon and savage fights have broken out among Hutus themselves with primitive weapons like

knives and machetes. Up to 22 were killed and 40 wounded Thursday night by RPA fire, fighting among the refugees and panicked stampedes.

The government in Kigali says it must close the nine camps in southwest Rwanda, which house up to 250,000 Hutus, because Hutu hardliners who carried out the threemonth genocide are regrouping there and using them as training grounds.

The two main ethnic

groups in the central African

country have been at each

other's throats for decades

and, after the genocide, few people see any chance of reconciliation soon. Aid workers said an adult

day. Many casualties arrived Saturday at a hospital in the camp with machete wounds. One aid worker said some 7,900 Hutus had been allowed by the army to leave, many on foot. But up to 80,000 more were stuck inside the cordon and RPA troops opened fire on some

trying to break out, suspect-

ing them of being Hutu mili-

tiamen.

"Apparently the DPs (displaced persons) tried to break through the cordon and shots were fired. A number of DPs also tried to break into the Zambian compound and tried to seize weapons or take sanetuary and were ejected," Maj. Seaman said. "There is also a lot of fighting between the DPs."

Jordan Times

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The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jurdan Times advertising department.

Blazing trail at Qatar

THE CONVENING of the Arab Thought Forum's plenary session in Qatar on Wednesday and Thursday under the chairmanship of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan was a timely occasion to assess and study the challenges that have been facing the Arah World and to take a look at what might happen in the future. Having not convened since the advent of the Gulf crisis in 1990, two basic and very consequential events were identified as the most crucial developments that necessitated more than ever before the holding of the long-awaited meeting of influential Arah intellectuals. One was the Iraqi invasion of Knwait in 1990 and its dire results on the Arab Nation. The second was the process of peace in the Middle East and its culmination in the Palestinian and Jordanian peace agreements with Israel.

The Gulf war and the peace process that followed were described by Crown Prince Hassan as being not only most consequential but also as having caused sbock waves across the Arab World which in turn triggered additional disarray and confusion. That is why the Crown Prince cautioned that the Arabs need to examine factually and soberly the two developments not for the purpose of adding recriminations but rather for attaining a better understanding and appreciation of the cluster of facts and circumstances that had led to them.

A true scientific and intellectual perusal of the genesis of the Gulf crisis can only serve as an effective assurance that a similar tragedy would never recur, the Crown Prince asserted. The same applies to the Israeli-Arab peace process which has caused further misunderstandings and mistrust between the Arab countries.

While the Arab intellectuals continue to be divided on what needs to be done in the aftermath of the Gulf war and many of them have their reservations and apprehensions about the peace process, most of them fortunately now agree that the solution to the Arab World's external problems lies with us here at home. We have to start with springing new roots for a new and viable Arab order based on respect for democracy, political pluralism, human rights and genuine economic development. This is a very important step forward indeed given the fact that Arab intellectuals bad been divided down the middle until the recent past on the value of adopting these basic ingredients for creating a healthy and progressive society, especially

for an ancient part of the world like ours.

The Arah intelligentsia has a pivotal role to play in the shaping of the Arab future and they must play it by taking the initiative. The time is now, and for that we can only laud the effort behind convening the Qatar meeting. It helped the cause immeasurably.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

EVERY TIME a terrorist act is committed, Western and Zionist fingers point to Arabs and Muslims whose image continues to be distorted in the Western media, said Sultan Al Hattab in commenting on the Oklahoma bombing. The writer said that while condemning all acts of terrorism, we point to the destruction of Chechenya and the killing of its people, the attacks on the Kurds and the Bosnians and the siege of 18 million Iraqis as acts of terrorism, far exceeding the horror of the Oklahoma people. The most horrible act of terrorism is perhaps the continued detention of 6,000 Palestinians and the repression to which the Palestinian people are subjected day and night, continued the writer. While we feel sad for the victims of the Oklahoma incident, we would like to remind the world of other victims of acts of terrorism in Somalia and Afghanistan, said Mr. Hattah.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour said that the Israeli Labour Party is bound to lose the elections of 1996 because it has failed to win the battle of peace. Mohammad Kawash said that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and his Labour Party had won the previous general elections on a peace platform and pledges that the Jewish state will achieve peace with its neighbours and the Palestinian people. But, the writer said, Mr. Rabin and his government are still hesitant in their dealings with the Arah countries, especially Syria and have retreated from pledges to redeploy Israeli troops in the West Bank and organise the Palestinian elections. Of course, Mr. Rabin is afraid of the Likud opposition and is careful not to antagonise its leaders, said the writer, who added that such hesitancy and such breach of commitment towards the peace process are leaving the Labour government in limbo.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Jordan, Israel sign a meaningless agreement on tourism

IT SEEMS that cultural normalisation between the Arabs and Israel started to take place in the Israeli side with Israel starting to behave in an Arab manner and entering into meaningless agreements which like the wholesale agreements signed recently between Jordan and Palestine, do not commit the parties to do anything.

The Jordanian-Israeli accord on tourism, signed in Aqaba on April 4, may have satisfied a requirement by the peace treaty, but one can skip any or all of the 16 articles without gaining or losing anything. Most of the articles came to state the obvious, or to confirm the understanding of metters already taken for constant.

of matters already taken for granted.

Article (1) calls for the development and encouragement of tourism between the twn countries in accordance with laws and regulations in force in the twn respective countries. The first part of the article is ambiguous, and the latter part does not need to be mentinned.

Article (2) calls on the two parties to study ways and means to facilitate tourism. It is natural that any party that needs tn make a study can make it without having to wait for a signed agreement, approved by the anthorities. In fact, such studies are ahundant. They need permission from

Article (3) calls for the exchange of information regarding tourism and travel. Such information is not confidential and is readily available if one follows up the press.

Article (4) deals with technical cooperation and training. According to Article (5) the two parties undertake to encourage tourism from other tourist generating markets. In compliance with Article (6) the parties will make the necessary efforts to enhance cooperation in the international circles.

Article (7) calls for the formation of a joint committee for studies and follow up. Article (8) allows the private sector to take part in the activities of the above mentioned

committee. Article (9) requires the joint committee to meet at least once each year. Article (10) stipulates that the delegates to the committee will communicate in English. Article (11) gives authority to the committee to decide on its own agenda. Article (12) requires the committee in refer its decisions to the appropriate authorities of the two governments for approval. All of these arrangements can be implemented without having to sign a formal agreement.

In other words, the formation of a joint committee to meet once a year, draft its own agenda, communicate in English, and subject its decision to governments approval consumed six articles while they could have come in one.

Things become ridiculous with Article (13) which stipulates that the Ministry of Tourism in each country is the institution in charge of tourism. Someone must have thought that tourism comes under the ministry of agriculture or housing, and Article 13 was, therefore, thought to be necessary to exclude this possible mistake!

The last three articles came to clarify that ratification of the agreement should be made in accordance with the laws and regulations of both countries, that disputes should be resolved by negotiations and that the duration of the agreement is three years, renewable antomatically unless one party serves the other a nutice that renewal is not desired.

The key words in the agreement are: development, encouragement, facilitation, study, reinforcing, making good efforts, forming a committee... exactly the same non-committal words and phrases used extensively by Arah

To summarise: The Jordanian-Israeli agreement on tourism is hollow, without any substance. Its value lies in the mere meeting and shaking hands across the table to accommodate TV cameras.



The authoritarian route to democracy

VOSKAN MAMIGO-NIAN has not seen his computer since he logged off for the night three days before the new year and drove home through the cold, unlit streets of the Armenian capital.

capital.

Minutes later be was racing back to the offices of Yerkir, the country's biggest daily newspaper, having just seen President Levon Ter-Petrossian's televised denunciation of alleged terrorist cells within the opposition party which backs the publication.

It was too late: the threestorey building near Yerevan's opera house was sealed off by police and troops. The newspaper was, and remains closed

"They asked everyone to leave the building to leave all their papers, all the material for that night's edition, which was almost ready," said Mr. Mamigonian. "It later turned out that everything had been confiscated — all computers, papers, accounts, safes, archives."

Armenia, united in its proxy war with the government of Azerbaijan and shielded from Western censure by a rich, well-organised emigré Inbby, always prided itself on being an island of stability in the turbulent Cancasus compared to neighhouring Georgia and Azerbaijan, still racked by post-Soviet warlord chaos versus authoritarianism.

Now the cracks in Armenia's democratic facade are beginning to show. Douhts are growing over the legitimacy of parliamentary elections in July following the closure of 11 opposition publications and a sixmonth suspension of the main political party they had ties with, the ARF-Dashnaktsutiune, known as the Dashnaks.

Relays of the Americanfunded Radio Liberty and Radio Free Europe by local medium wave transmitters were also halted. In all, 300 journalists and media workers found themselves out on the street.

The government is unrepentant, saying it had to act when it did, and forthcoming public trials of 19 people accused of marder and Rights have been trampled, and cracks are beginning to show in Armenia's facade of stability, writes James Meek in Yerevan

drug-trafficking would reveal all.
"That party was leading

"That party was leading the republic to instability... the people would have lost faith in the government and the rest of the opposition," said a presidential aide, Jirain Libaridian, a United States citizen and a Dashnak member until 1988. "The Dashnaks would have

nak member until 1988.

"The Dashnaks would have presented themselves as the only party disciplined and powerful enough to restore law and nrder. This president will never allow Armenia to become a Weimar republic.

"Better to trample on the rights of the few temporarily, so that the republic has stability and continuity to have a change of power in a legitimate manner. I'm perfectly willing to see Armenia a little less democratic now — if that's what this means — as lung as it's democratic for the next 50 years."

President Ter-Petrossian's televisinn address on Dec. 28 followed the murder 16 days earlier of the former mayor of Yerevan, Hambartsum Galstian, a businessman-politician and former associate of the president who had subsequently fallen foul of the authorities.

In his speech, President Ter-Petrossian, announced

In his speech, President Ter-Petrossian, announced the discovery of a secret terrorist organisation, DRO Special Services, operating under cover of the Dashnaks and functioning in Armenia since 1992. Although he did not ac-

cuse them directly of Galstian's murder, the president said the DRO's Armenia battalion had carried out at least three assassinations, all neatly recorded in code in an archive, seized by police, of 506 computer diskettes and dozens of handwritten files. Murder was recorded as "printing" or "publishing."

The president said the

DRO had raised money through heroin trafficking: Five kilogrammes of the drug had been seized, along with arms, ammunition, explosives and forged pass-

The following day, a presidential decree suspended the ARF-Dashnaktsutume's activities. On Jan. 12, Armenia's supreme court legalised the move as a six-month suspension—meaning the ban will be lifted a week after the elections.

Even critics of the move accept that the concrete nature of President Ter-Petrossian's allegations implies some hard evidence against the suspects now held on remand.

But why, apart from political expediency, with the president himself acknowledging that most Dashnaks were unaware of the clandestine group, should he outlaw the whole party and shut down so many publications?

Polls suggest the ruling Armenian National Movement, led by Mr. Ter-Petrossian, would have lost out at the elections in both the Dashnaks and the communists. Under the terms of the ban, the Dashnaks will be able to stand only as non-party individuals.

"These elections are unfair right from the start," said Sieran Baghdasarian, a Dashmak MP. "It's not a level playing field. My opponents have a newspaper, they have finance, they have a structure allowed to operate, they can use television. I don't have these opportunities because the activity of my party has been stopped."

Although the president's

Although the president's decree was hased on the DRO allegations, the supreme court decision was on different grounds: that the Dashnaks' ruling Athenshased "hureau" broke Armenian law by having

foreign citizens as mem-

Mr. Baghdasarian accepted that a majority of bureau members were not Armenian citizens — out of 13, one is Iranian, one Canadian, one French, three Lebanese and one Greek.

But he said the court and the Justice Ministry had refused to explain how he should legally sever the Armenian party's ties with the bureau.

The U.S. has expressed concern over the suppression of the opposition. But foreign governments are also conscious that, the less the voice of the century-old nationalist Dashnak movement is heard in Armenia, the easier it will be for the Ter-Petrossian administration to compromise with Azerbaijan over Nagorno-Karabakh.

Even the diaspora is anxious lest Dashnak protests harm the formidable lobbying power of Armenians abroad. Despite many similarities hetween the Yerevan-Karabakh and the Belgrade-Bosnian Serb relationship, the U.S. Congress has been persuaded to treat the former as victims and the latter as aggressors.

Yet concern remains about a compromised election and a general swing towards authoritarianism. Another opposition paper, Azg, backed by another party with its roots in the diaspora, was fire-bombed twice last year and two of its journalists were beaten up. "Authoritarianism?

Against a background of closing down these papers, banning the party, the fact that entrepreneurial activity can't develop freely in Armenia because they immediately sort you out if you don't tie yourself to the mafia structures now in power — you could say it was true," said Hakop Asatrian, an Azg reporter.

U.S. stung by China, Russia rebuffs

By Donald M. Rothberg
The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Once again, the United States lonks isolated in an uncooperative world as Russia and China rehuff arguments against selling nuclear reactors to Iran.

Unmoved by U.S. intelligence assessments that Iran is determined to acquire nuclear weapons, Moscow and Beijing responded that their deals with Tehran are legal under the nuclear treaty the Clinton administration wants renewed.

A striking aspect of the U.S. campaign against the Iran projects was how public it seemed. Whatever happened tn private diplomacy, to secret talks where ranking diplomats work out differences far from the glare uf publicity?

"It's hard for this country to conduct quiet diplomacy given nur political process," said Richard Haass, a national security aide in former president George Bush's White Huuse. "There is a need at times not only to be doing things, but to be seen as doing

things."
This time, public U.S. appeals led to public rejections.

The latest came Monday in New York, where U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher and Chinese Foreigu Minister Qian Qichen held a news conference after a two-hour meet-

"We feel no nation ought to go forward with nuclear cooperation with Iran.... It is too dangerous to do so." Mr. Christopher said, knowing what Mr. Qian's response would be. "There is no internation-

response would be.

"There is no international regulation or international regulation or international agreement that prohibits such cooperation in the peaceful use of nuclear energy," the Chinese foreign minister said.

Mr. Christopher fared no hetter when he met in Geneva last month with. Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev.

"We don't see any problem here," Mr. Kozyrev said, after Mr. Christopher told a joint news conference that Iran's nuclear ambitions were "among the gravest" problems the United States and Russia must

resolve.
"Our cooperation with Iran is fully within the purview of the Non-Proliferation Treaty," the Russian minister said.

Both occasions followed a pattern set early in the Clinton administration as it strnggled to deal with ethnic warfare in Bosnia and human rights abuses in China

China.

Declaring that "the Serbs know that they have exhausted the patience of the international community."

Mr. Christopher flew to Europe in May 1993, presumably tn get allied support for lifting the arms emhargo against the Bosnian Muslims and using air strikes against the Serbs.

His mission was disastrous, a public failure. In capital after capital, the answer was no.

A year ago he went to China and said he would tell the government in Beijing that if its human rights record didn't improve, there was little chance the administration would renew its trade preferences.

The Chinese responded hy arresting dissidents, and when the June deadline arrived. President Clinton renewed China's most-favoured-natinn status and said it was time to separate trade and human rights.

Could all this have transpired in less public forums?
"It's not enough for the United States to stand up and shout that these countries (Iran, Iraq, North-Korea) are big threats and a we need to embargn them," Mr. Haass said.

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LETTERS

Labels to hurt

To the Editor:

THE SUCCESS of the Zionist media campaign to demonise the Arah World and Islam has been exposed. In less than two hours after the Oklahoma bombing there were reports of Mideast connection, and the "profile" was being advanced.

As an Arab-American attorney who practises in the U.S., and former legal director of the Arah Community Centre in Detroit, Michigan, I can clearly predict what was going on.

As the largest Arab community putside the Midest.

As the largest Arah community nutside the Mideast, when an incident like the Oklahuma bombing occurs, we are faced with news media setting up cameras around our mosques, coffee houses and schools to give their viewers "insight" of the others that live with them.

Acts of violence against Arabs and Muslims always rise after any internal problem i.e. World Trade Centre and Desert Storm. Despite the many harassment cases against these groups, very few cases are reported nut in fear that they could incite inthers to commit more.

On the day of the Oklahuma bombing, Israeli television news interviewed the producer of the Zinnist movie "Jehad in America" who spoke up the hotbed of Islam in Oklahoma, and showed a clip of young men dancing at a wedding. This attempt to demonise Arabs and Islam cannot be thought up as isolated incidents.

With the progress in the peace process, one should avaid stirring more hatred into the air, and do as President Bill Clintan has done and urged others not to use this tragedy to fan the flames of hatred towards Arabs and Muslims in America.

Mosabi Hamo Amman.

More trees, less cement

To the Editor:

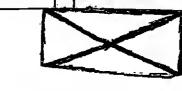
AMMAN IS a unique city — because of its people, it architecture and its environment. Over the past 30 years, have watched beige buildings, rather than green trees spread across the hills and valleys of greater Amman.

Today, local architects and engineers, want to build another cement public area, like King Abdullah Gardens in Ras El Ain, between Al Misdar and the Wadi Abdoug tobacco factory. As I look out my window at the sprawling Amman skyline, I know what Amman needs: More trees and less cement.

Why not create a park in our city centre; a "lung" for Amman, like Central Park in New Ynrk City, or Hydelerk in London? These parks are lovely communal area that generate crucial oxygen snpplies for their surrounding ecosystems. Transforming Ras El Ain into a real garder rather than a cement one is a chance to improve our city's environment for generations to come.

Hazem Maihas Amman.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letter intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Name can be withheld only upon request and under specific circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.



Corrupting a continent

The ancient Greeks invented democracy; the English created the first parliament. For centuries, enlightened Europeans have struggled towards accountable, open government. Yet today, Europe's bodies politic are mired in scandal and greed. Mark Frankland asks why.

ALMOST TWO-thirds of the French think most of their politicians are corrupt. according to an opinion poll published in Paris last week, and the overwhelming majority do not believe politics to be an honourable occupation.

These findings will not surprise anyone who has been reading recent French headlines. Over the past year three ministers in Edouard Balladur's government have resigned and are now awaiting trial, or are under investigation on suspicion of corruption. Two well-known mayors of Lyons and Nice - are on trial on charges of using their office to enrich themselves. A third - in Angoulėme — has already been found guilty.

The classic pattern of local politicians accepting brihes for profitable building and services contracts has provided a famewinning battlefield for young investigating judges, such as 43-year-old Renaud van Ruymbeke in Rennes. Eric Halphen, who is only 35, is pushing ahead with an inquiry into local government near Paris involving Mr. Balladur's Gaullist party, in the face of opposition from the pugnacious Interior Minister Charles

Pasqua.
To this rich stew, the misadventures of Bernard Tapie, owner of the football team Olympic Marseilles, merely add spice. A former Socialist minister, not long ago hiessed from his Olympian heights by President Francois Mitterrand, Mr. Tapie has been tried for match-rigging and is await-ing the verdict.

fs there not something familiar in these dirty stories from France? Indeed there is. Much of what we are inclined to think of as the real Europe, meaning the rich nations of the West and North as opposed to the impecunious East, can Indeed, British public anguish about MPs who take cash for asking questions seems small beer compared with some of the horror stories abounding across the water. Investigations have even reached NATO's secretary-general, the for-mer Belgian foreign minister, Willy Claes, whose official residence was searched by police earlier this month.

Belgium is used to scandals. Ten years ago the former prime minister, Paul Van den Boynants, was given a three-year suspended sentence for forgery and fiscal fraud. Local government has been most shameless in the Frenchspeaking city of Liege, where mayor Edouard Close was only the most senior official to be jailed for taking money in exchange for city contracts. An ex-mayor of Brussels is openly referred to in the Belgian press as Mr. Ten

Per Cent. But it is the ramifications of Belgium's purchase of 46 army helicopters from the Italian firm Agusta that now threaten Mr. Claes and puts other scandals in the shade. It has already led to



the gangland killing of a former vice-premier and the suicide of an admired general and is felling politi-cians right and left, among them the recently resigned Belgian foreign minister Frank Van den Broucke.

The nub of the Agusta affair is that the Italian firm, to secure the deal in race or German and French competition, allegedly paid £1 million to the Flemish Socialist party (to which Mr. Claes and Mr. Van den Broucke belong) and £300,000 to the separate French-speaking Socialists.

Greedy ruling parties are common elsewhere in Europe. The Spanish Socialists, for example, hurnt their fingers hadly in the Filesa affair, in which husinesses 'bought' reports from phantom research companies, the money going into party coffers. Filesa resembles Belgium's Inusop affair, now before the courts, in which inflated bills for sometimes nonexistent reports by a market research institute affiliated to Brussels university, brought money to the everneedy French-speaking

Socialists ff the 13-year-old government of the Spanish Pre-mier. Felipe González, is defeated at the next elecoons, its string of scandals will be the main reason. Spaniards are tired of learning that local governments regularly rake in commissions on contracts, or that such a prominent official as

Luis Roldán is alleged to have done the same on contracts for Civil Guards bar-

None of these cases is one of Eurofraud, the manipulation of European Union (EU) rules to get undeserved subsidies and payments from Brussels. Last year, Eurofraud took £800 from the EC hudget. But even this is not as serious as the steady damage, to national psyches from scandals suggesting most politician and officials are corrupt.

In democracies, Alexis de Tocqueville noted 150 years ago, there is always a tendency to explain a politician's rise to power by his misdeeds rather than his ahility. "In this way there comes about an odious mingling of the conceptions of haseness and power, of unworthiness and success, and of profit and dishon-

If this process continues long enough, people regard their government as irredeemably alien - the reverse of the democratic ideal. fn extreme cases the result may be revolution, or the cboice of a populist leader who exploits public disgust to fuel his own hid

for power. The increasing awareness of corruption in European public life has two explanations: either there is more corruption, or more of it is being brought to light.

In fact, both explanations apply. ftaly provided proof of increased corruption

with a train of arrests of industrialists that began in Milan in 1992. In jail many of the businessmen talked, hlaming extortion by politi-

They knew corruption was growing: an average 7 per cent kickback fee in the seventies had grown to 20 per cent in the greedy eightics. They knew this extra cost was hurting their competiveness against European rivals. And they did not like the future they saw for their children. "I don't want my son taking over my company," a Turin industrialist said." He's not tough enough to go to jail. Here you can't work unless you pay kickbacks, and that means to everyone, includ-

If Italy is a case of corruption reaching crisis proportions, France is an example of corruption seeming to grow partly because of a new determination to uncover it. The French press, brilliant in analysis, has been little better at domestic muckraking than its Italian counterpart. But in 1990 France's investigating judges were infuri-ated when the National Assembly passed a retroactive amnesty for politicians who received illegal dona-

ing the Communists and the

Carabinieri (the paramilit-

ary police). I am at risk every

cons for their parties. The result, according to Antoine Garapon of the Institute of Higher Judicial Studies in Paris, was a "judicial revolt" of which French politicians are still feeling the force.

Though Germany has provided fewer international headlines, no country provides hetter evidence of growing corruption. In a recent issue with a cover story entitled "Slush-money Republic Germany," the news magazine Spiegel concluded: "Even in the land of the uncorruptible civil servant, scarcely noticed by the public, the principle of assistance (kickhacks) has spread like an epidemic.

In 1988 there were 361 cases of official corruption in Frankfurt, Germany's financial centre. Last year there were 1,498. When 60 German police commissioners met in Berlin last month to talk about corruption, the local state prosecutor greeted them with the news that a city official had been selling driving licences for up to £2,000 each. Hans-Ludwig Zachert, head of the Federal Criminal favestigation Office, seemed to agree with Spiegel: 'Ohviously we in Germany have never been as immune to corrupcion as we have persuaded ourselves."

Where has Europe gone wrong? Most countries fall between the extremes of Scandinavia and Greece. fn Greece, a system of patrons and clients going back to the Ottoman empire permeates all life. The powerful patron provides favours; the grateful client gifts. And as long as the state remains the biggest employer, hut pays civil servants very little, there is small chance the country will be drawn up to supposedly higher European

Might Europe be dragged down to Balkan habits? Certainly Scandinavians, studying reports from France and Spain, could be excused for fearing that EU membership will corrupt them. Nordic government is remarkably transparent. Even ministers' tax returns and the prime minister's correspondence are open to citizens' inspection. Civil servants have a legal right to leak information to the press. An egalitarian and puritan culture, underpinned by years of Social Democratic government, can he a hostile environment even for legal fortunemaking. "Any kind of opu-lent lifestyle breeds suspicion." says Stockholm University professor Rune Premfors.

Barbro Hedvall, leader writer of Expressen. Sweden's biggest newspaper, thinks Swedes have "an inherited attitude that makes it immoral to offer people money to get first place in the queue."

Much of west Europe. though, has come under several baleful influences. The first was the cold war, used to justify too much that was illicit. In Italy the CIA covertly supported Italian Christian and Social Democrats to stop a takeover by the Communists, who in turn got money from Moscow. The Communist threat also seemed to justify Christian

Democrat deals with the

Mafia, leading to a sym-

biosis of crime and sup-

posedly Christian govern-The Agusta affair has revealed how the arms trade between European allies, war, leads to corruption. The big European arms manufacturers routinely pay "commissions" to win contracts: in France it is officially accepted these may be worth 15 per cent of a deal. There is some justice in the way this has come to trouble the headquarters of NATO itself.

The Agusta deal happened because Belgian political parties needed money for impossibly expensive television campaigning. This happened throughout Europe, and led to the Flick scandal in Germany involving the three major parties. France, Belgium and Spain have all brought in new legislation on party funding, but as long as the need for money exists, the temptation to take illegal contributions remains.

Last, there is the Thatcher" effect, a combination of economic boom, privatisation and the acceptance of selfenrichment as an almost moral imperative. In some countries. notably France. this was encouraged by decentralisation of local government in the early eighties. Frankfurt's chief pro-

secutor helieves growing corruption there can be explained by local, modestly paid, officials making decisions about contracts whose size has been rising steadily for the past five years sometimes to dizzying heights." Even Scandinavians wor-

ry about tension between their high tax systems and the money-making tempta-tions in the rest of Europe. Last week the head of Sweden's Roads Board resigned for using public funds to build a villa. Rare excepnon or straw in the wind?

The had news from Italy is that magistrates who led the clean-up campaign are being sidelined. Last December. Antonio Di Pietro. who started Operation Clean Hands, became so engraged by cover attempts to trustrate him that he tore off his black robe in court and resigned. He has been violently criticised in media owned by Italy's former president. Silvio Berlusconi, who now faces his own corruption inquiry. Equally sinister is the collapse of parliament's anti-Mafia commission examining links between politicians and organised crone.

The odds are some corrupt Italian politicians will recycle themselves back into public life. Whether people throw their hands up in despair or take it as cause to continue the fight depends on their attitude to public morality. "The French conception of public life, "suggests Garapon, "is at the same time monarchic and clerical. Our leaders are supposed to be powerful and good." If they prove to be neither, the temptation, French history suggests, is to have a revolution or look for another supposedly great leader.

But there is another tradition, most eloquently outlined by the authors of the American constitution, who believed all powerful could be corrupted, and that it was necessary to keep them under observation and control. The point of constitutional checks and halances, explained the early U.S. statesman James Madison, was that "ambition must be made to counteract amhition." This, he argued, was not cynicism, hut realism. "ff men were angels, no government

would be necessary." In France and ftaly it has been the magistrates and judges who have reminded their compatriots of the non-angelic nature of humankind; in Spain, where the free press is much more probing, journalists have played an important part. It should not be a cause for despair - or drastic solutions — that this hattle, is, and always had been, endless.

Contributions from Dick Leonard, Brussels; Greg Mclvor, Stockholm; Adam Sage, Paris; Franke Smith. Madrid; Helena Smith, Athens; Denis Staunton. Berlin; David Willey, Rome. The above article is reprinted from the Obser-

King visits aircraft carrier

(Continued from page 1)

monarch, King Hussein said: "I do not suppose it does differ much (from the U.S. -president's work). I am proud to serve the people of Jordan and the people of the region and the same ideals and principles as of those of the United States.

"We belong to the camp of freedom. We believe in democracy, pluralism, respect of human rights, which are a fact of life in our country, and giving the Jordanians a chance to shape their future. As far as my responsibilities are concerned, certainly, after the passage of those many years, it is really good to be there to act as a dynamo so to speak. The government ns a country. Parliament is he real authority to which he government is responsile and any government in ordan. f try to help and dvise sometimes. Maybe the act that f have nothing of interest except the good of the country, the good of the area and I am not involved at any other level in terms of different factions or views of political parties in the coun-

"It gives me the ability to serve and to advise in many respects and most important of all ... to live up to the aspirations, and, at this stage, the peace which has been a dream which we hope future generations will enjoy."

On relations with the United States, the King said: "The relations were always very very close and very special. As far as f am concerned, the first president of the United States I had the privilege of meeting was Dwight Eisenhower, and f have met with all U.S. presidents with the exception of President Kennedy.

"We were friends and allies ... that was our relationship through the years of the cold war, the difficult

years when in our part of the world there were a very few able to raise their voice and to be proud. That was between us and the United States in the free world.

"I believe it is a partnership in terms of the future. We appreciate the leadership role the U.S. plays and we hope our relations will always be based on mutual respect and a desire to be partners and friends in creating that future in this entire region.'

The King later watched an exercise of planes taking off and landing on board the ship and he participated in one of the exercises.

(Continued from page 1)

lear disarmament, but doubts

they will agree on the ques-

tion of the duration of the

In addition to the indefi-

nite and unconditional exten-

sion sought by the West, NPT

treaty's extension.

Dispute over voting in NPT talks

Oklahoma rescue continues

(Continued from page I)

The only advantage the cooler weather brings is that it slows the decay of the remaining bodies, the state medical examiners office

Search teams were concentrating on the basement of the destroyed building, where they fear many bodies

are still to be found. Rescuers, many who were using heat-seeking equipment and body-sniffing dogs, clung to hopes that survi-vours still might be found in

delegates are considering

whether to extend the treaty

The United States, Britain

and France — three of the

five declared nuclear

for a fixed single period or for

a series of periods.

pockets of the collapsed building. Armed military police kept

all but clergy and relatives from approaching a nearby church, where relatives kept a vigil. Occasionally, relatives would come out to speak with reporters gathered nearby and to display photographs of the mis-

One man displayed a snapshot of his five-year-old daughter and two-year-old son and asked that they be

Russian Foreign Minister

China, the fifth nuclear

Andrei Kozyrev was ex-

pected to do the same Mon-

power, cautiously said Tues-

day it would vote for indefi-

nite extension or fixed

remembered "no matter what condition they are in when they are found."

A day care centre was located on the second floor of the federal building and authorities say it is buried under the rubble of the roof and seven floors that were above

So far 12 children were found dead in the rubble. The owner of the day care centre, Melva Nokes, said as many as 24 children may have been in the centre that day, but no accurate count could be made because sometimes people would drop off their children for safekeeping without prior notice.

man for the Jerusalem police

Peres to attend Amman meeting

(Continued from page 1)

specific projects that do not need much of feasibility studies and lengthy procedures and financing arrangements for these projects," said an official involved in the preparations for the symposium.

"The groundwork for the meeting was laid in the meet-ings held in Amman in March and April," said the official. who preferred anonymity.

"Those meetings brought out key elements that are of relevance to financing arrangements for the projects. Hopefully, the ideas could be further developed

for detailed and focused studies by the various parties concerned at this week's

meeting," added the official. The Amman symposium is part of activities to be hosted by Jordan ahead of the North Africa and Middle East summit to be held in Amman in October.

Several other workshops and seminars grouping Jordanian, Israeli and American as well as European, Japanese and other officials and businessmen will be held before the summit so that definite and clear projects could

be presented at the conference, officials say. religious ceremony of such

Holy fire and riots on Easter

force, said this was the first in the two oval cavities on time violence had erupted either side of the Holy Sepulduring the annual ceremony. No one was arrested or chre, the site of the tomb of nshered out of the com-Jesus according to Christian tradition. pound, he said. Shmuel Ben-Ruhy, spokes-

"We will not start making arrests or using force during a importance," he added. Inside the 12th century

basilica, elderly Greek women and young nuns pushed toward the chapel. Pilgrims, tourists and indigenous Arab Christians filled the dark and cavernous

weapons powers — declared their support for indefinite عملذا حند الأجيل

extension.

Arabs boost fertilizer capacity to face Asian growth

ABU DHABI (AFP) -Arah states are setting up new fertilizer plants and expanding existing units to be-nefit from higher prices and face growing demand in China and other Asian countries.

Expansion projects were announced at an Arab conference in the United Arah Emirates (UAE) this week to discuss supply, demand and coordination in marketing and technology among regional producers.

Officials said new projects and expansion of existing plants would push up the total Arab fertilizer ontput capacity by more than 40 per cent in the year 2000 from its present level of around 20

"Most of the projects will produce nitrogenic fertilizers. especially ammonia and urea.

given the rapid growth in demand for these substances," said Yussuf Al Nuweis, general manager of the UAE fertilizer company

"The expansions were prompted by a sharp increase in prices over the past few years and rapid growth in local consumption and demand in China and India," he pointed out.

Fertil itself has plans to raise its production of urea and ammonia by nearly 100,000 tonnes per year although it has been producing above its designed capac-

output is estimated at more than 800,000 tonnes per year, most of which are exported to China and India.

. Qatar, already a key Arah

The company's current.

producer of fertilizers, announced plans to build a new plant to produce 730,000 tonnes of urea per year and nearly 550,000 tonnes of ammonia at a cost of around

The project was revealed by director of the state-run Qatari Fertilizers Company (Qafco), Ali Fakhru, who said the contract had already been awarded to a German

He said the project would boost Qatar's production of urea to around 1.46 million tonnes per year and of ammonia to 1.2 million ton-

Official figures showed Arah proven gas reserves stood at around 29.5 trillion "The project will enable us to meet the increasing needs cubic metres (983.3 trillion cubic feet), accounting for nearly 20.7 per cent of the of our clients," he told the conference, adding the bulk world's total natural gas reof Qafco's output is exported to China. India, South East

Stock markets surge as dollar holds

LONDON (R) — Stock mar-kets ended the week with a buying surge Friday as a more stable dollar boosted investor confidence on both

sides of the Atlantic. Paris, London and Frankfurt all saw strong buying interest, with the French market jumping 2.46 per cent while New York rose to yet another record level with a

20-point morning gain. The rise in Paris was put down to precautionary short covering ahead of Sunday's vote in the two-stage presidential election. U.S. huyers have been moving the French market higher recently, and dealers also cited firmer bonds, a steady franc and Euro Disney's lower than expected first-half loss.

The dollar extended its rally though it ran into resistance at 1.39 marks and 84 ven with activity dampened by

CASABLANCA (R) — Morocco's privatisation re-

ceipts since January bave

reached 1.29 billion dirhams

(\$155 million), a rise of 330

per cent compared with 300

million dirhams (\$36.1 mil-

bon) in the same period of

Presenting the sale results

of state stakes in Banque

Marocaine dn Commerce Ex-terieur (BMCE), Privatisa-tion Minister Abdul Rahman

Saaidi said Friday: "The pri-

vatisation programme is

spending up. Its receipts are

higher compared with the pri-

vatisation receipts in France,

Mr. Saaidi, who held a

ews conference on Friday at

BMCE's headquarters in

Casablanca, said that among

Switzerland and England."

1994, officials said.

Morocco says

privatisation receipts

rose 330 per cent

Group of Seven (G-7) talks in Washington.

Further gains could not be ruled out at the dollar's sharp rebound from its all-time low of 79.95 yen on Wednesday caught many traders by surprise, but analysts did not think the rally was built on solid fundamentals.

"If the dollar cracks the 84.10 level then a test of 85 could be possible," said Peter Heath, senior trader at Kansallis Osake Pankki in London. "With the G-7 coming up it should be supported hut once that's out of the way we will see lower levels again." Few believe the industrial-

Casablanca stockbrokers

said the authorities have

ceded in the first four months

of the year stakes in BMCE,

General Tire and Rnhher

Company of Morocco and

of its holding in BMCE, one

of Morocco's leading banks,

at 1.24 billion dirhams (\$150

tion," Mr. Saaidi said.

"It was a successful opera-

The government sold 2.6

million shares at 478 dirhams

(\$57) a share, the ministry

said. On the Casahlanca

bourse BMCE's sbares were

traded at 381 dirhams each

Friday, or up by seven per

Last January, subscriptions

for BMCE's 1.4 million

shares at 325 dirhams each

were oversubscribed six

cent since last week.

Morocco sold 26 per cent

sold two hotels.

million).

ised nations will agree on a concerted policy to support the dollar. There is strong pressure on the G-7 bowever, to show they are taking a grip on a situation that threatens to erode confidence if the

uncertainty tied to Tuesday's dollar continues to sink while the yen and mark just keep on rising. Germany and Japan have voiced strong criticisms of U.S. policy in re-

> cent days. European markets rose not only on the stronger dollar hut also on the feeling that Wall Street's rise must be sending a buying message and that recent slides have injected value into many

> blue-chip sbares. In London the FTSE 100 pushed ahead 0.8 per cent. but just failed to hold the 3,200 level. A fall in retail sales figures for March confirmed that Britain's economy is slowing and raised

can be delayed.

Jusiness

14.

German shares also took heart from the dollar's better showing against the mark. which should make life easier for exporting firms. The DAX-30 rose 1.06 per cent and then added another 11 points in post-bourse deal-

Daimler-Benz, under pressure from dollar weakness in recent weeks, made good some losses to close 11 marks higher at 621. That huoyed other carmakers, with BMW A.G. closing eight marks higher at 697 and Volkswagen up 2.50 marks at

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY APRIL 23, 1995

ARTES: (March 21 to April 19) Inviting relative and close friends

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Especially on this day, it is a good time to think about how to have greater abundance for later lonight. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Look about you and see what you

changes you want to make in your life today which will make it more as you wish it to be.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Early today plan activities which car make you feel more contented and happy for tasks completed tonight. Get together with good friends.

after them so that later tonight looms brighter for you. Stop wasting your time with the angry or dull.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You can handle any civic or overnment affairs very well today, so get right at them and you can

consult with a wise person who has a fine philosophy of life and which you would like to adopt so that you find peace. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You may have

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Study your partnership well and improve one in particular today which seems to be on shaky

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Stick to the tasks you have taken on today and later on tonight study the over-all picture well and become more enthused.

Birthstone of April: Diamond — Amethyst

ARJES: (March 21 to April 19) Go over your accounts and handle

TAURUS: (Aoril 20 to May 20) Early today get your health built up

precision in order to handle it well, otherwise you get deeper into

tonight with friends. Indulge only what is not too costly.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Forget about making all those visits you have in mind to see friends today and get your tasks

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have fine creative ideas which can be developed, so get right to them. Take time today for recreational activities with close friends.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Your desires may be quite different to those of your loved ones, so live and let live, for best results. Handle business affairs wisely and with great efficiency. AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Forget that private worry

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Think about adding to your financial situation and avoid going out to places of amusement which can most expensive today

Birthstone of April: Diamond — Amethyst

THE Daily Crossword by James L Beatty

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

into your home is best today, enjoy them. Study your home and see where to make little changes.

want to retain today and what should be discarded in your abode. Get that streamlined look. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Concentrate on those

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Clarify your wishes and go

feel happy with your loved ones. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Today is a good day to

business to attend today which is important, so don't neglect it. Come to a fine understanding with your male.

ground and needs improvement.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Know what it is which those

who dwell with you desire in your relationship, and then come to a bener understanding.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY APRIL 24, 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

them wisely so that you increase your good will today and impress:

day to see others. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Some private affair requires can and

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Don't involve yourself today into some altercation between a fellow associate and an outsider or you could become the centre of a problem.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have decided whether to handle regular routines or go off to something new, but if you plan, you can VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Be sure to handle any tasks which are necessary this morning before you go out for a good time

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) An associate and a family tie do not agree on something, but keep out of it and soon everything

and get out into the business world to accomplish a great deal today. Enjoy some cultural activity with your loved one.

TOKYO (R) — The yen's and made the dollar the cor-stunning rise is prompting nerstone of the world curren-Japan to press for a review of cy_exchange. the global currency order. which critics say hreeds turmoil and threatens crisis. But chances of real reform

soon look slim. "Japan does not have a concrete idea to propose, and even if it had one, it lacks the international power or influence to persuade other nations," said economics Professor Shoichi Royama, a frequent member of govern-

ment advisory panels.
Finance Minister Masavoshi Takemura told a news conference Friday that the Group of Seven (G-7) nations would discuss ways to improve the system, including target zones for currency rates, when they meet in Washington this week.

"Unfortunately, at the moment there's no concensus among the major nations on how to improve the system,"

he added. French Economy Minister Edmond Alphandery has urged the G-7 to discuss ways to stabilise exchange rates along the lines of the Plaza agreement of 1985 and the Louvre accord of 1987.

And Canada has put currency market review at the top of the agenda for the (G-7) summit it will host in June.

Nearly a year ago, the independent Bretton Woods Commission said countries should establish a more formal system of coordination to help avoid excessive exchange rate misalignments

which have led to volatility. The panel took its name from the 1994 Bretton Woods conference, which set the gold standard at \$35 an ounce

MAYBE SOME

QUESTIONS DON'T

HAVE AN ANSWER

Japan's currency review call

Wary response seen to

The system collapsed in 1971 and was replaced two years later by the present system of floating exchange

Some economists agree the dollar's 20 per cent plunge against the yen this year suggests the time is ripe to rethink the floating rate sys-

"Academically... the dehate has swung to the viewpoint that exchange rate vola-tility in the 1980s and 1990s was so high that it created inefficiencies and something should be done," said eco-nomist Ricbard Werner at Jardine Fleming in Tokyo.

"The aim is to level more in line with fundamentals and to avoid currency crises." Mr. Werner said.

but of the world's three higgest economic powers Japan, Germany and the United States, only Japan now openly advocates review. 'Japan is very much in favour, America is halfhearted, and Germany is not so far convinced," Mr. Wer-

ner said. Bundeshank President Hans Tietmeyer Thursday gave a thumbs-down to the target zone notion, saying neither exchange rate targets nor intervention would help if nations failed to gain the market's confidence with

credible policies. Some wonder whether Japan is serious about currency reform or merely venting frustration over its inability to halt the yen's climb and America's unwillingness to

defend the dollar. "Less than a year ago when the Bretton Woods

LIKE WHAT?

ment, (vice finance minister Kosuke) Nakahira langhed at it," said Keikichi Honda, economic adviser to the Bank of Tokyo. "Why say it now? it's a long, long way to intro-duce anything like a stable

Asia, Australia and the Un-

Expansion projects were

also announced by the

Bahraini Gulf Petrochemical

Corporation, Libya's Sirt and

companies from Egypt, Saudi

Delegates said the expan-

sion in urea and ammonia

production would enable

Arah states to exploit their

enormous gas reserves which

bad been neglected because

most regional countries were

engaged in developing their

Arabia and Morocco.

ited States.

oil sector.

Some who favour reviewing the current system say now is not the time to try to introduce fixed zones or

"It would be a good idea to study target or reference zones, but it is neither feasihle nor desirable to introduce them soon," said former vice finance minister Tomomitsu

Others say obstacles to creating a system of target zones for world currencies may ultimately be insur-

cent over the same period last

year, but severe capital shor-

tages emerged as a major

threat to development, a re-

The impressive output

growth hrought production

value from January to March

up to 1.560 hillion yuan

(\$185.7 billion), but was still

much slower than the 1994

first quarter rise of 47 per

cent, the China Daily quoted

Ji Cai. of the ministry of

agriculture's Township En-

terprise Bureau, as saying:

While attributing the slow-

down in part to efforts to shift

development emphasis from

high growth rates to efficien-

LIKE DID

OWN A D06?

JESUS EVER

port said Friday.

other enterprises due to be privatised soon was the holdmg Banque Nationale de Development Economique times.

Output soars in China's rural firms BEIJING (AFP) — China's' cy. Mr. Ji acknowledged that rural enterprises saw first rural firms had been badly hit past 15 years, greatly out-performing lumbering state quarter output jump 29 per hy the government's moves enterprises to account for an ever-larger slice of the coun-

Last year, they accounted

for 30 per cent of national

gross domestic production

value and some 50 per cent of

industrial output value, the

Chinese Premier Li Peng.

in his speech to parliament

last month, underlined the

importance of their con-

tinued rapid development to

efforts aimed at ensuring sta-

hility in the long-neglected

countryside, home to four-fifths of China's population

try's output.

China Daily said.

of 1.2 billion.

"Many problems are pla-guing China's rural firms. such as a serious lack of capital, rising loan interest rates, higher taxes and levies. and increasing costs of raw materials, energy and transportation." he said. By the end of 1994, some

to cool the economy

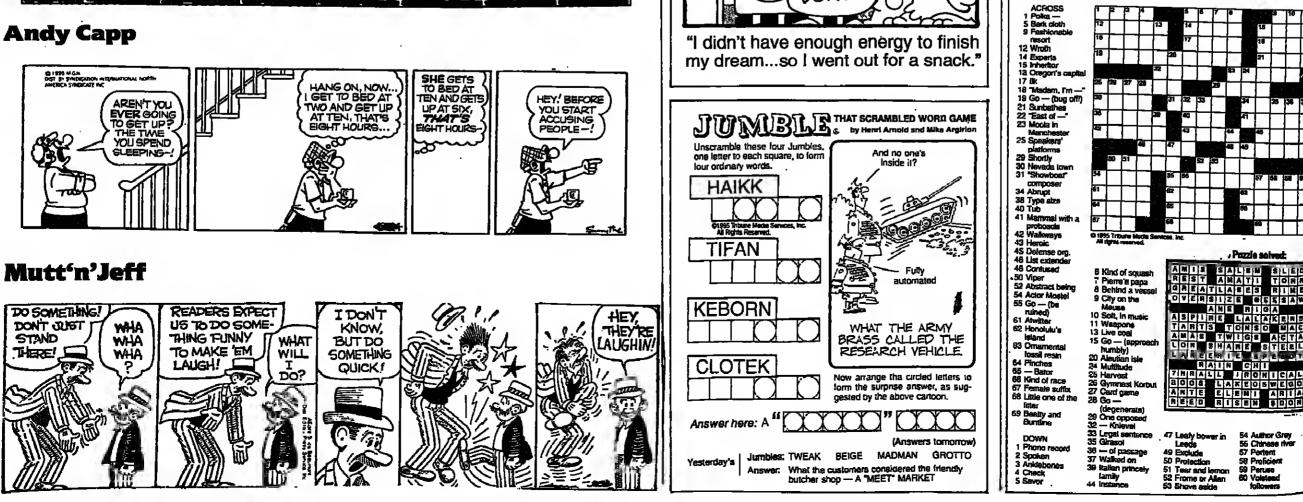
tricting hank credit.

120 million former farmers were employed in rural firms. which include collective and share-holding township and village enterprises in which local authorities have a stake

as well as private businesses. These firms have mushroomed under China's



JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME S by Henri Arnold and Mike Argirlan Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form lour ordinary words. HAIKK **TIFAN** KEBORN WHAT THE ARMY BRASS CALLED THE RESEARCH VEHICLE CLOTEK form the surprise answer, as sug-Answer here: A (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: TWEAK BEIGE MADMAN GROTTO What the customers considered the friendly butcher shop — A "MEET" MARKET



Subroto: Oil shortages possible **by 2000** here Friday.

million b/d. "The demand will likely increase further to 80 million b/d by 2010," Dr. Subroto was quoted by the Jakarta

OPEC countries supply 40 million b/d to the world's oil market, while OPEC countries provide 25 million b/ OPEC groups Algeria.

ited Arah Emirates and Dr. Subroto forecasted

to remain at 40 million b/p, or even to decrease by 2010. Oil production from the United States and Russia two of the world's largest producers outside of OPEC - has been decreasing snbstantially. Increased production from non-OPEC coun-

tries is expected from Columbia, Argentina, Brazil, Yemen, Syria and Vietnam. Looking at estimated oil demand of 72 million b/d hy 2000, at the capability of non-OPEC countries to produce 40 million b/d, OPEC will bave to make up the difference, he said.

SO I HAD TO TELL

THE TEACHER THAT I

JUST DIDN'T KNOW

Peanuts

STAND

THERE!

JAKARTA (AFP) - A former chief of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) has warned that world oil demand could exceed supply by the turn of the century, media reports said

Dr. Suhroto, former OPEC secretary general, predicted demand would probahly increase to 72 million barrels per day (b/d) hy 2000 from the current level of 66

Post daily as telling a business Dr. Subroto said non-

Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the Un-

OPEC countries is projected

dollar hol positivous the des Hick spould was gib Day 20 rost lik

adden a A review of economic news from the Arabic press

Government Total Tribute Government Total of civil STATE SERVED SERVENTS

HOROSCOPE

Stroke Arte Nation 1995 In 1999

THE GOVERNMENT is considering retiring all goverument civil servants who have completed 30 years and more in the service. With such a decisioo, thousands of people will be retired, making room for new graduates to be hired in order to ease memployment and 'provide the administrative system with new blood." Furtbermore, 8 wide reshuffle is being prepared among senior officials at the ministries of foreign affairs and the inemment institutions (Al Dustom).

sultative Council has recommended allowing the estabfishment of a JD 5 million shareholding company from both the public and private sectors to be invested in free shops at airports and seaports. The free shop to Amman was proposed to serve only diplomats and non-resident foreigners (Al Dustour)

> *** ## THERE ARE more than 4.000 empty apartments in Amman because of the high prices demanded for them Most of the investors prefer to sell the apartments and not lease them (Al Dustour).

** THE MINISTRY of Sopply intends to buy 200,000 tonnes of Syrian barley at \$91 per tonne to meet. Jordan's requirement for four months. The ministry is also expected to buy large quantities of split lentils from Syria at \$439 per tonne. (Al Dus-tour).

> ** THE UNION Chemical and Vegetable Oil Industries, currently operating the paint factory Rima Lux, recorded total sales of JD 3.17 million last year, about 18 per cent more than the amount posted in 1993. According to its annual report, the company managed to find new markets in Romania and Sudan. The company, oetting a profit of JD 351,842 to be retained for 1995, bopes to start trial and actual production of most of its factories before the end of this year. The company was set up in 1993 with a JD 3.5 million capital to establish and or acquire plants for the production of oil, chemicals, fodder and printing ink (Al

** THE MUNICIPALITY of Greater Amman is putting for rent some stores at the King Abdullah Gardens near the Wadi Saqra intersection. Stores are between 50 square metres to 171 square metres in area. Key mooey for each store is JD 22 per square metre, annual rent is JD 44 per square metre and service charge is 15 per cent of the rent amount per year. All stores are airconditioned and have central heating systems (Al Ra'i).

★★ A NUMBER of insurance companies are awaiting permission for registration in accordance with the new amendments to the insurance law. The Ministry of Industry and Trade is currently workon regulations to the annexed to the amendments before opening the door for new terms. Two insurance companies have already asked officially for registration while others are still being formed. The amendments specify two main conditions for new insurance companies: To bave a capital four times as much as present companies and to introduce new types of insurance to the market. Established com-Danies are not happy to bave ewcomers to the business and argue that the current 18 companies are more than mough for the country (Al

IATA chief sees boom ahead for civil aviation industry

GENEVA (R) — The International Air Transport Association also carried 11.2 million tonoes of ciation (IATA), celebrating its 50th anniversary, has predicted huge growth generating many more jobs in the civil aviation industry over the next decade.

IATA also said it was probable: figures to be issued this week would confirm its 230 member airlines in 135 countries in 1994 collectively made their first profit around \$1 billioo - in five vears of recession and gradual recovery.

In a speech in Havana, Director-General Pierre Jeanniot said IATA com-panies carried 1,200 million passeogers on all services last year - equivalent to one in five of the world's population — and about 19 million toones of freight.

"Of the 337 million international scheduled passengers, 333 millioo travelled oo

freight," Mr. Jeaoniot told a special 50th anniversary cere-

"And the best is yet to come - most of the absolute numbers are expected to double over the next 10 years," he declared.

1ATA was founded in Havana on April 19, 1945, at a meeting of 57 airlines from 31 countries and replaced the old International Air Traffic Association which bad steered the theo fledgling industry through rapid growth between two world wars.

Working to promote easier and safer air travel and freight movement, the Montreal and Geneva-based body has now gathered under its wiog companies operatiog some 98 per cent of internstional flights.

Although the years since World War II bave seen a

vast surge in air travel, the industry was badly hit by the recession whice began at the end of the 1980s and between 1990 and 1993 IATA airlines made a total loss of \$15.6 billion.

But an IATA spokesman in Geoeva said earlier fore-casts that 1994 will have marked a turnaround were likely to be confirmed when financial figures for last year are issued on April 24 when Mr. Jeanniot speaks to a conference io New York.

The figure of \$1 billion profits now looks probable rather than just possible,"

the spokesman said Preliminary figures already released by IATA showed an eight per cent increase in international passenger traffic and 11 per cent in cargo carried by member airlines last year.

In his Havana speech, he recalled that in 1945 only

in Riyadh. NSCSA, the second big-gest petrochemical shipper in

the world, has been involved

in expansion plans to boost.

services and buy more ships.

They include the purchase of

five supertankers with a

capacity of more than two

million barrels at a cost of

The Saudi government owns around 29 per cent of

NSCSA, which has a capital

of two billion riyals (\$533

million) and a fleet of 26 large vessels.
The statement said the new

lines would link China with

the Middle East and North

America and it was the only

world shipping firm to serve

\$400-\$480 million.

Tianiin.

the 1.200 million of 1994 and a few thousand tonnes of freight travelled by air.

In tonnage, be said, the 11.2 millions of freight moved on international flights in 1994 was only about five per cent of the world total, but in terms of value it was more than a quarter of the total of goods traded internationally.

The total civil aviationrelated iodustry, iocludiog tourism linked to and encouraged by air travel, now provided at least 22 million jobs for the world's workforce and \$1,000 billion in gross output, the former chief of Air Canada declared.

Civil aviatioo, be said, was at the heart of the travel and tourism sector of the global economy which was now the world's largest industry and supported 204 million jobs.

China followed its growing trade with the Middle East and the United States and 'reflected the developing

friendly relations between

the Chinese and the Gulf and

link its western port of Izmir

with the United States and

would enable NSCSA to

transport exports from the

Far East, South East Asia

and the Middle East to Tur-

key and Turkish exports to the U.S., the statement said.

has completed implementa-

tion of its expansion plan in

the short run and it would

start carrying out its medium

A SECURE

With such lines, NSCSA

The line to Turkey would

other Arab states.'

ANDMAN FINANCIAL MARKET BOUSING BANK CENTER AMPAN - SEMEISANI TELEPHONE: 660170 / 662170 ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY 22/04/1995



			Auch
CONDANA, 9 NYMB	NO. OF	VALUE	
	SHARES	VALUE TRADED JD	CLOSING PRICE
	TRADED	JD	PRICE
		*******	101 500 101 000
ARAB BANK PIC			191 500 193 000
Jordan National Bank Bank of Jordan	47261 5100	22206S	4.800 4.890 2.850 3.850
MIDOLE EAST INVESTMENT BANK.	7500	11202	2.850 3.850 1.550 1.480 2.870 2.870 8.160 8.080 3.000 3.020
INDUSTRIAL OFVELOPHENT BANK	725	2080	2.870 2.870
THE HOUSING BANK	14300	115341	8.160 8.080
JORDAN KUWAIT BANK	9260	27951	3.000 3.020
JORDAN GULF BANK			
INION BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT	514	2406	4,720 4.680
BUSINESS BANK	1000	4080	3.890 4.080
TORDAN INVESTMENT & PINANCE BANK BEIT ELMAL SAVINGEINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING	1230	3104.	4.260 4.580
WORN BANK FOR INVESTMENT	125100	171819	2,570 2,660 1,340 1,380 4,100 4,100
ARAB BANKING CORPORATION/JORDAN	220	895	4,100 4.100
Angan bank for investment arab banking corporation/jordan philadelphia investment bank.	514 1000 1250 850 125100 220 184962	322129	2.050 2.080
BANES SECTOR	410412	1080921	INDEX NUMBER: 170
			CHANGE : +0.78
IORNAW THEIRDAMYP	9500		2 250 2 200
iordan insurance Arabiam seas insurance	300	31680 570	2.250 2/ 100 1.850 1/900
	9600 300	20-14-15 27-1	1.030 1/300
INSORANCE SECTOR	9900	22250	INDEX NUMBER: 137.5
			CRANGE : +0.68
ORDANIAN ELECTRIC POMER	16100	27255	1.680 1.690 1.580 1.600 1.320 1.390 6.950 7.000 3.260 3.280 2.420 2.540 1.150 1.150 2.700 2.740
ORDANIAM ELECTRIC POWER /NEW CRBIO DISTRICT ELECTRICITY	61250	97734	1.580 1.600
RBIO DISTRICT ELECTRICITY ARAB INTERNATIONAL BOTELS	4600	6389	1.320 1.390
ORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES	6700	22038	3.260 3.280
NATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	35533	89007	2,420 2.540
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	900	1035	1.150 1.150
NITED MIGOLE EAST & COMMODORE NOTELS	72350	198250	2.700 2.740
UNITED MIGOLE EAST & COMMODORE BOTELS ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION DORDANIAN EXPATRIATES INVESTMENT HOLDING	2250	2002	3.350 3.370 1.280 1.280
بندوج الموسد ويؤراه ويواكم والمواردة والمواردة			
SERVICES SECTOR			INDEX NUMBER: 143.0 CRARGE : +0.74
TANORED CONT. MATERIAL MANIFECTING	345	438	1,210 1,270
ATTANGEEP CONST. MATERIAL MANUFACTURING THE JORDAN CEMENT FACTORIES	102868	229569	3.100 3.260
THE PARTY OF THE P	EAR	1410	2 444 2 224
THE ARAB POTASH/NEW	1160	6958	5,750 6,040
ORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY	370	1224	9.480 9.500 1.780 1.820
THE THOUSERIES CONGRECTAL & AGRICULTURAL.	481	1762	1.780 1.820 3.660 3.700
THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS	2024	17105	8.250 8.550
ORDAN PHOSPATE HIRES THE ARAB POTASH/NEW JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY OOLEM INDOSTRIES THE INDOSTRIES THE INDOSTRIES THE INDOSTRIES THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS ARAB PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAN OATRY	16993	71716	4.210 4.240
	200	500	
THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING	2500	9724	2,750 2,780 4,000 4,000
ORDAN PAPER & CAROBOARD FACTORIES THE PUBLIC MINIES	100 1750	400 5265	4.000 4.000 2.930 3.060
SPINNING & WENVING	4275		2.580 2.590
NAFIA INDOSTRIES	1850	4713	2.550 2.550
AR AL DAWA OFVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	7164		
RAS INVESTMENT & INSRNATIONAL TRADE	11250	10238	.920 .910
ARAB ALUMINIUM INDOSTRY LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	2133 24150	15446	7.200 7.250
	37700	60440	1.600 1.610
	2.700	8033	3.200 3.350
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	2550		3 100 3 160
NRAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDOSTRY INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	37700 2550 27212	86821	3.150 3.160
RAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES	27212 5600		7.200 7.250 .700 690 1 600 1.610 3.200 3.150 3.150 3.160 1.200 1.180
TRAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKMOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO	27212 5600 250	165	.690 .660
NAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING INTIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHENICAL INDUSTRIES IGROAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES IGROAN INDUSTRIES & MRTCH/JINCO IATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING	27212 5600 250 5700	165 28786	.690 .660 4.950 5.050
NRAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CERNICAL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO MATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING FORDAN SULPHO-CERNICALS	27212 5600 250 5700 250	165 28786 450	.690 .660 4.950 5.050 1.820 1.800
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDOSTRY (INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES (ORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES (ORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO (AATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING (ORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS ARAB CENTER FOR PERRM. & CHEMICALS	27212 5600 250 5700	165 28786	.690 .660 4.950 5.050 1.820 1.800 2.420 2.460 1.800 1.800
RAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING PATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CERRICAL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIES & MARCE/JINCO MATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING FORDAN SULPHO-CERRICALS RAB CENTER FOR PERRY. & CHEMICALS CANTERER INVESTMENT INVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES	27212 5600 250 5700 250 3650 1900 4900	165 28786 450 8884 3275 17903	.690 .660 4.950 5.050 1.820 1.800 2.420 2.460 1.800 1.800 3.650 3.670
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING WATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY WATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY WATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY SORDAN ROCEWOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO MATIONAL CAHLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING FORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS KAMTHER INVESTMENT MIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	27212 5600 250 5700 250 3650 1900	165 28786 450 8884 3275 17903 6259	.690 .660 4.950 5.050 1.820 1.800 2.420 2.460 1.800 1.800 3.650 3.670 2.040 2.020
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING WATIONAL STEEL INDOSTRY INTERNEDIATE PERFO-CERMICAL INDUSTRIES FORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES FORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO MATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING FORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS KANTHER INVESTMENT TNIVERSAL MODERN INDOSTRIES	27212 5600 250 5700 250 3650 1900 4900 2078	165 28786 450 8884 3275 17903 6259	.690 .660 4.950 5.050 1.820 1.800 2.420 2.460 1.800 1.800 3.650 3.670 2.040 2.020

Saudi shipping firm expands Asia operations

ABU DHABI (AFP) -Saudi Arabia's biggest shipping firm is planning to open new lines in China and Turkey as part of expansion projects which include purchase of new vessels, the company

The National Shipping Company of Saudi Arabia (NSCSA) said it would start services to China's Tianjin port in May after launching operations at Sbanghai port late last year, the first Arab shipping firm to reach China.

'The Tianjin line will provide traders with a new link to the northern parts of Chins, including interior markets around Beijing," said Hus-sein Al Maktum, deputy director of NSCSA's lines and information technology.

"The Tianjin and Shanghai lines as well as the Hong Kong service also mean that traders can now directly reach north, central and southern China," he said in a statement sent to AFP from the company's headquarters

Time-Warner posts \$47m loss

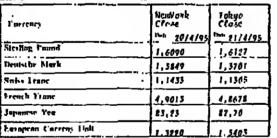
NEW YORK (AFP) — U.S. media group Time-Warner has announced it had a net loss of \$47 million or 13 cents per share, in the first three months of this year. The loss was larger then analysts had anticipated, but marked an improv-ment on the \$51 million net loss, or 14 cents per share, for the same period last year.

The group's turnover rose 17 per cent to \$1.82 billion. compared to \$1.56 billion for the first quarter last year. Time-Warner's operating income also rose 23 per cent to \$138 million, against \$112 million last year, but fell short of the group's interest repayments of \$155 million.

Time Warner Entertainment (TWE), a limited partnership holding the group's interests in film and cable television, posted a 73 per cent deeline in net profits to \$11 million, compared to \$41 million last year. TWE's turnover rose to \$2.07 billion, against \$1.93 billion for the same period in 1994. TWE's figures were consolidated in the group's overall results for the first quarter.

Jordan Times Financial Markets

Calro Ammatt Bank U.S. Pollar in International Markets



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rold shipping firm to serve and long term plans in the second balf of 1995," Mr. It said the expansions in Maktum said, VALUE TRADED IN PARALLEL MARKET JORDAN

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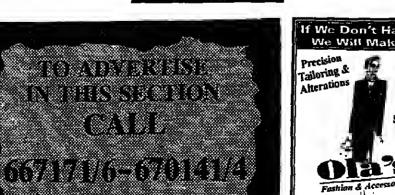
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heading for Disneyland Boston

PARIS (AFP) — The 1998 World Cup finals in France are heading for Disneyland unless major problems over the proposed new stadium to be huilt on the outskirts of

Paris are quickly resolved. An agreement between the government and the consortium set up to build the stadium at St-Denis, just outside Paris, was due to be signed last January but problems over the site continue to dog the project and no agreement has yet been reached.

"It's a shambles." said a source close to the consortium, "We are apidly running out of time and unless an accord is reached very quickly we will be in deep trou-

Costs of the proposed 80,000-seater stadium have already soared and estimates put the overruns as high as 500 million francs \$100 mil-

Chemical potlution has been discovered under the land set aside at St. Denis and millions of francs will have to be spent to clean it up so that the stadium can he

A recent report on the effect of building the stadium at St. Denis has revealed that on match days the amount of traffic caused by spectators will all but block people from getting to Charles de Gaulle airport further to the north of

the capital. "All in all this is rapidly turning into a nightmare." said another source close to the consortium, "Unless an agreement over the St. Denis site can be signed soon the whole project there is in

There has also been strong criticism of the world cup committee set up to organise the finals.

If Paris major Jacques Chirac wins this month's French presidential elections he is tipped to name former Olympic gold medalist Guy Drut as Sports Minister.

"If Drut become Sports Minister you can expect the make-up of the local organising committee will be rapidly changed," said one source.

And the site of the stadium could also change. The solution to the growing problems at the St. Denis site would be Disneyland. There is plenty of land and although it is a lot further from Paris it

has very good communication links and is easy to get to," he added.

French officials warn the delays over St. Denis risks forcing them into what they describe as the "Montreal

When Montreal won the 1976 Olympics the new stadium being built for the Games was plagued by delays and massive overruns. In the end, the Olympics hegan with the stadium still to be completed and the city was left with a massive bill.

"We are getting to the stage that we will be at the mercy of the unions. If they demand extra payments we will have to pay because a strike could mean the stadium not being finished in said a consortium

The plan is to have the stadium finished by November 1997 and being opened in January 1998 hut officials insisis that unless the agreement between the government and the consortium is completed by the end of April the timetable will be thrown into dissaray.



Chang beats Courier to reach. Hong Kong Open final

had taken its toll.

American.

world No. 1 Andre Agassi in the Tokyo final for his third

title of the year, said his recent schedule of matches

"Today 1 woke up a little

bit tired and knew I was in

trouble. I did not have any

legs out there, I was slow to-

the ball and 1 could not dic-

tate the rallies like I did last

week," said the third seeded

Bjorkman, in his first final

of the year, said: "I will be

the underdog, but I am going

in there to give him a tough

Rosset, Medvedev in Semi-

finals

In Nice, France, fop-

seeded Yevgeny Kafelnikov

and his former Soviet doubles

partner, Andrei Medvedev,

won quarterfinal matches at

the Nice Open and advanced

Russia's Kafelnikov, beat

Cedric Pioline of France, 6-3,

1-6, 6-0, and Medvedev, of

Ukraine, beat Australian

Richard Fromberg, 6-3, 6-2.

to a semifinal showdown.

HONG KONG (Agencies) - Defending champion Michael Chang cruised into the final of the Hong Kong Open with a 6-4 6-2 win over fellow American Jim Courier on Saturday.

It was quick revenge for top seed Chang after his semifinal defeat by Courier in last week's Japan Open in

He will now play fifth seed Jonas Bjorkman of Sweden, who had a comfortable 6-1 6-4 victory over compatriot and doubles partner Jan

Apell. Chang, whose crisp vol-leying and solid serving always had Courier at full stretch in the heat and humidity, said: "It was a compete turnaround from

last week's match. "I won good points at the net to break his serve and that was critical," added the world number eight who is chasing his first title of the year. "When I took a 4-2 lead in the second set he did not want to hattle me or battle

the beat any more. "It's good to be in the final here again, but I know it will be a tough match against Bjorkman. He is not some-

one to take lightly."

The other semifinal will match Switzerland's Mare Rosset, a 7-6 (7-3), 6-2 winner over Australia's Mark Woodforde, against Alberto Courier, who defeated

Costa, who beat fellow Spaniard Tomas Carbonell, 7-6, (9-7), 4-6, 6-4. Medvedev and Kafelnikov

played junior doubles together more than five years ago and won several titles for the former Soviet Union.

"There will be a lot of pressure, especially mentally, for us," Medvedev said. "I have beaten him twice and now he is the higher-ranked

Kafelnikov is ranked fourth in the world while Medvedev's ranking has dropped from 4 to 16 in the last year.

Rosset has a habit of doing well in France. Four of bis eight tiles bave been won on French soil and be enjoyed his biggest payday when he made the Paris Open final in November, losing to Andre

Kafelnikov raced through the first five games against Pioline and appeared headed to an easy victory.

Suddenly he started missing, losing three games before finally winning the first set. Pioline jumped to a 5-0 lead in the second set before Kafelnikov took a game, but the Russian breezed through the final set.

JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY-MONDAY, APRIL 23-24, 1993 1998 World Cup finals | Celtics reach NBA playoffs despite 99-92 defeation 15 17 MAME champio

Garden witnesses last season game

BOSTON (Agencies) — The Boston Celtics trotted out their legion of hoop heroes Friday night in a lavish ceremony at halftime to mark the celehrated franchise's final regular season game at old

Boston Garden. Owner Red Auerbach and 22 former Celtics were introduced at halftime of the game against the New York Knicks and took places on the famed parquet floor.

After introductions of the former stars hrought resounding cheers from the packed crowd. Auerbach inhounded a ball to Nate Archibald, and the ball was passed to each player amidst a thunderous, standing ovation from the Boston crowed.

The string was ended when Boh Cowasy went behind the back to Bill Russell, who fed John Havlicek to the corner, who fed Larry Bird alone under the basket for a layup.

"They lived up to all the standards of what the Celtic family status for" said Auerbach, surrounded by Celtic greats who joined forces to win 16 NBA titles including an incredible run of 11 championships in 13 years from

"Not only are they great players, they've great people, and I love every one of

"Everybody sees some-. thing different when they look at that huilding. I look at it and see a beautiful time of my life," Cousy said. During the 1946-47 season,

Cousy and his Holy Cross teammates played several home games at the garden en route to their NCAA basketball championsbip. Three years later, Cousy spent his wedding night playing a game for the Celtics.

And in March 1963, when Cousy played his own final regular-season game in the Garden, a moment of quiet was shattered when a fan yelled out, "we love ya,

The Garden is following a course followed by Chicago Stadium last year. The 67-year-old building

will be shuttered in September and its prime tenants, the Celties and the Boston Bruins, will move next door to the Fleetcenter. It is a \$160 million, state-of-the-art arena like Chicago's new United Center. The teams' championship

banners will be taken down from the rafters of the yellow brick huilding. It also has played host to Elvis Presiye and the Beatles, and has been a venne for speeches by John F. Kennedy and Winson

its charm.

The Fleetcenter will boast an expanded scating capac-

no parquet and I said, ity, from 14,890 to 12,400 for "damn, it must just he a vacant warehouse," Maxwell basketball, and from 14,448 to 17,200 for hockey. Bnt what it will not have are the

the garden was opened on warts'that gave the Garden Nov. 17, 1928, hut it wasn't until 18 years later that the "1 always remember just Celtics moved in. On Nov. the horror of coming in the 16, 1946, the Celtics - then place the first time," Maxwell in the Basketball Association said. "I came in the summer of America - heat the and there were no hanners,.

Toronto Huskies 53-49 before a crowd of 5,176.

Ten years later, the Celtics won the first of their 16 championships. Cousy and teaminates Tom Heinsohn. Bill Russeel and Bill Sharman shocked off the St. Louis Hawks 110-109 in doubleovertime.

The Celtics "dynasty" was

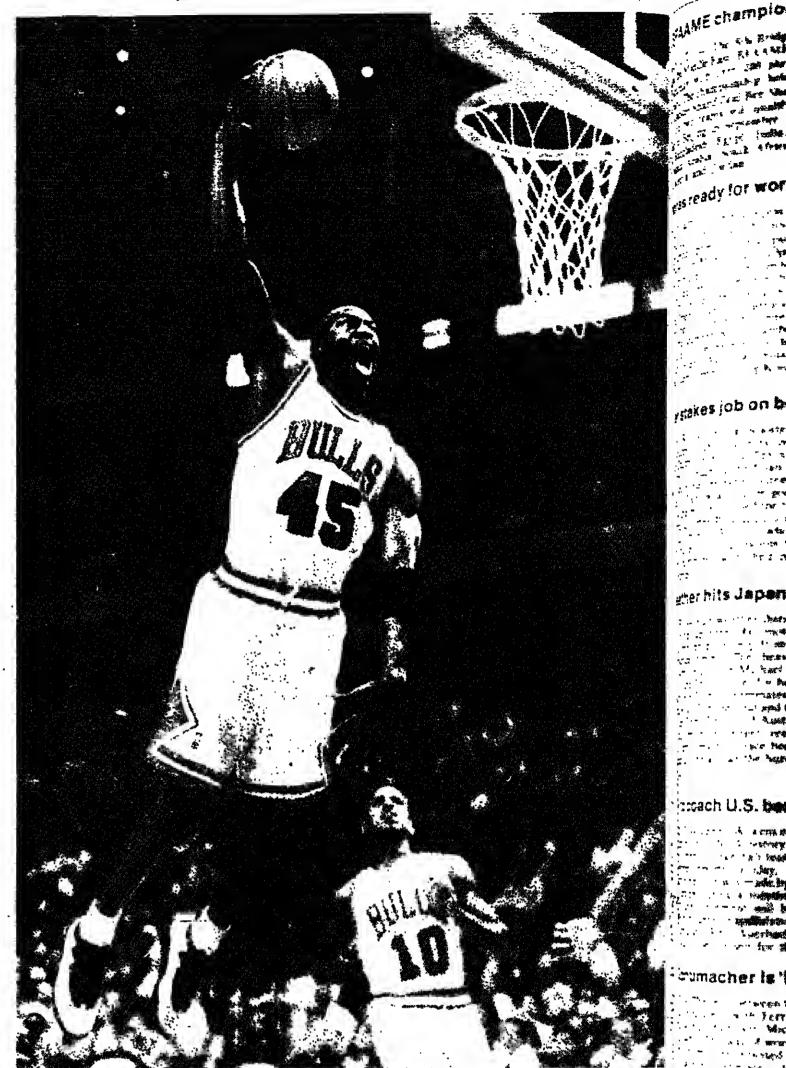
solidified when they won eight straight championships from 1959 to 1966, two more in 1968-69, two more in 1974 and 1976, and again in 1981, 1984 and 1986. Players like Cousy, Russell, John Havlicek and Larry Bird became Celtics icons, as did longtime coach Arnold "Red" An-

GOREN BRIDG

HILADELPHE

Tom Hanks

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Michael Jordan of the Chicago Bulls cuts through traffic to dunk the ball against the Detroit Pistons (AFP r

RESULTS .575 .531 .519 .487 .346 New York Washington New Jersey Detroit Atlanta Cleveland 110 Orlando San Antoni WESTERN CONFERENCE Phoenix Midwest Division Seattle 105 Sacramento v-San Antonio x-Utah x-Houston EASTERN CONFERENCE Atlantic Division .704 .667 .432 .383 .358 57 54 35 31 29 Pacific Division v-Orlando x-New York x-Boston <u>Miami</u> x-Phoenix New Jersey x-Seattle .704 .593 .525 .481 .325 .198 Philadelphia x-L.A. Lakers Washington 10 x-Portland 15½ 19 Sacramento Golden State 311/2 L.A. Clippers Central Division x-Clinched playoff berth y-Clinched Conference title z-Indiana x-Charlotte z-Clinched division tittle

SPORTS IN BRIEF

8th BFAAME championship opens

AMMAN (J.T.) — The 8th Bridge Federation of Africa, Asia and the Middle East (BFAAME) Championship opened here Saturday with over 200 players from 15 countries taking part. The championship, held under the patronage of Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, will run up to May 3. The top two teams will qualify for the world championship in Beijing in September. Participating countries include Bangladesh, Egypt, India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Syria, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Reunion, Mauritius, Russia, Kenya and Jordan.

Sampras ready for worst surface

MONACO (AFP) — Pete Sampras, although failing nearly two weeks ago in his first 1995 tournament on European clay, remained optimistic about putting things right when the \$1.79-million Monte Carlo Open begins on Monday. Sampras, displaced from the number one position on the ATP Tour earlier this month by Andre Agassi, has recovered his poise after losing in the first round at the Barcelona Open. "I've got to get a lot of clay court matches under my belt in order to improve on the surface." Sampras, the current world number two, is the highest ranked player to be entered in the 56-man field at the Monte Carlo event. Agassi will miss the event after pulling out of the Salem Open in Hong Kong with a strained lower

Trainer stakes job on beating israel

WARSAW (R) - Henryk Apostel is staking his joh as-Poland's soccer coach on victory over Israel in Tnesday's European Championship qualifier in Zabrze. Defeat would end all hopes of reaching the finals in England next year. "We can't let ourselves even contemplate losing a point," Apostel said. "I know what I am going to have to do if we lose or draw the match," added the trainer, who faced calls for his dismissal after Poland's 2-I defeat by Romania in Bucharest last month. Poland, who lost 2-1 in Israel in September, have only four points from four matches in Group One, compared with their opponents' nine points from five games.

Bad weather hits Japan GP

SUZUKA (R) - Bad weather disrupted Saturday's final qualifying for the Japanese 500cc motoccycle Grand Prix on Sunday and prevented riders from improving on their opening practice times. The heavy rain left Friday's pacesetter, world champion Michael Doohan of Australia, at the head of the field and set for his third successive win of the season. His Honda teammates, Japan's Shinichi Ito and Takoma Aoki, filled second and third spots respectively. Suzuki rider Daryl Beattle of Australia, who is expected to be Doohan's main challenger, remained fifth quickest. "It will be a very, very hard race because (Daryl) Beattie lived in Japan and he knows the Suzuka track very well,"

Wilkens to coach U.S. basketball team

ATLANTA (AP) - Lenny Wilkens of the Atlanta Hawks, the winningest coach in NBA history, has been chosen to coach the U.S. meo's basketball team at the 1996 Olympics, a newspaper reported Friday. The Atlanta-Journal Constitution said the vote was made by U.S.A. basketball's election committee during a meeting at a Phoenix-area hotel, and the announcement will be made next week. There has been considerable speculation that Wilkens, who this season surpassed Red Auerbach as the winningest NBA coach, would be chosen for the Atlanta Games.

Berger: Schumacher is 'llar', 'clown'

LONDON (AP) - The feud between two leading Formula One drivers has escalated, with Ferrari Gerhard Berger calling reigning world champion Michael Schumacher a 'liar" and a "clown." The war of words heated up earlier this week when Schumacher criticised Berger for celebrating after be was awarded first place — temporarily — in last month's Brazilian Grand Prix. Schumacher finished the race first in his Benetton Williams hut was disqualified, along with second-place finisher David Coulthard, for fuel irregularities. Berger, who finished third, was moved up to first. However, on appeal, the world governing body FIA last week reinstated the original placings. "I cannot understand anyone celebrating a victory be achieved when he was lying one lap behind," Schumacher was quoted as saying this week in German newspapers. "If Berger would show as much talent as a driver as he does in public relations, he would win more races."

GOREN BRIDGE

USE THOSE GRAY CELLS

South 1 NT

From the day we started playing bridge, it was drummed into us that when defending a no-trump contract we should return partner's suit. That is sound advice on most occasions, but when persisting with partner's suit cannot benefit the defense, be willing to switch the attack to a suit that might produce the desired result.

The suction rayeals little except

The auction reveals little except that you can find some 18-17 points

in the South hand and 10 or so with North. West leads the two of spades to your king. What now?

that leaves only the minor suits as a source of tricks.

If you follow the old adage of leading up to weakness, you won't have done any better. Consider what values partner must have in clube if you are going to take two or three tricks—at least A Q, or K Q 10.

When looking to develop tricks, you should usually attack the suit in high cards to be affective. Here, just the king of diamonds is enough—if you make the right shift. You must the ten of diamonds so thet, if declarer covers, dummy's nine will be sandwiched by your Q S Now the defenders are a tempo ahead and are stire to take five tricks before declarer come to nine.

Pierce to the rescue in Fed Cup

METZ, France (AFP) World number-three Mary Pierce was far from at her best but was still able to rescue France on the first day of the World Group Fed Cup first-round clash against South Africa here Friday by scoring a straight-sets 6-4, 6-3 win over Joanette Kruger.

The Anstralian Open champioo made a shaky start and oeeded to save three break points while trailing 2-4 in the opening set. But she survived the crisis and as her powerful groundstrokes began to tell, she was able to

win five games in a row. "Everything went really well in practice and I was very confident when I came out — but when it came to the match I just couldn't get into any rythmn," said Pierce, adding: "I played those first games really had-

French captain Francoise Durr admitted: "Mary gave me a real fright at the start. She wasn't moving well and she will need to play much better against Coetzer in the reverse singles on Saturday." Earlier the home side,

semi-finalists in the event last year before the new two-day 'Davis Cup style' format was introduced, went hehind when Julie Halard crashed 2-6, 4-6 to Coetzer.

Halard, who had beaten the Sonth African numberone in both of their previous encounters, bad one of her notorious 'off-days' when nothing went right. Looking sluggish from the start and unable to piece together aggressive-style tennis, the French player quickly con-vinced herself she was not going to win.

"I have learned Julie's strengths in the past and I was able to neutralise them today," said Coetzer.

"I need to serve better, but I can't wait to play Mary in the second singles. My victory today will give me confidence for that match."

After the reverse singles Halard is expected to be joiced by Nathalie Tauziat for the doubles against Coetzer and Elna Reinach.

Czech Republic, Belgium win In the Group One qual-



ifying Group in La Manga. Spain, experience saw the Czech Republic notch up a 3-0 victory over Belarus while Belgium beat Hungary by the same scoreline.

The two teams consequently reached the play-offs for a place in next year's World The Czechs did not have

things all their own way and both Helena Sukova and Japa Novotna dropped sets in the singles. Sukova eventually saw off

promising newcomer Tatiana Ignatieva 6-4, 6-7 (7/9), 6-3, while Novotna had to recover after dropping her opening set to love to beat Natasha Zvereva 0-6, 7-5, 6-4.

Australia, Slovak Republic all square

In Perth, Australia, Australia and the Slovak Republic were locked at I-I after the first day of their Fed Cup women's tennis tie here Saturday.

Karina Habsudova gave the Slovak Republic a flying start in this World Group One match when she eclipsed Rachel McQuillan in straight sets, 6-I, 6-3 in only 65 mi-

But the home country's Nicole Bradtke recovered from a dismal opening set to beat Radka Zrubakova in three sets, 4-6, 6-4, 6-3.

In Sunday's reverse singles clashes, Bradtke meets Habsudova and McQuillan comes up against Zrubakova.

If necessary, the doubles wil decide the tie with Bradtke and Renae Stubbs taking on Hahusudova and Zruba-

The players' records suggest the Slovak Republic have a slight advantage in the remaining two singles match-

In their only previous meeting, Bradtke lost to Habsudoba, but that was five years ago.

McQuillan has lost two of three matches against Zruba-

confident we have the edge in the doubles," she said. Habsudova said after heat-

But, after beating Zruha-kova Saturday, Bradtke was optimistic about her coun-

try's chances.
"If we can win one more

singles clash, I am quietly

ing McQuillan: "It was easier than I thought it might have been. This is one of the better matches I have played on

Draw announced for USA-Austria tie

Austria's top entry, playercaptain Judith Weisner, plays Amy Frazier, while 12th-

ranked American Mary Joe Fernandez meets little known Barbara Schett in the opening singles of a Fed Cup quarter-final tie.

Sunday's matches open with Weisner, ranked 22, taking on Fernandez, with Frazier following against the I18th-ranked Schett in the reverse singles.

After Sunday's singles, the U.S. doubles team of Gigi Fernandez and Martina Navratilova play the Austrian Duo of Petra Schwarz-Ritter and Weisner.

"The first match is the key match for us if we have a chance in the tie," Wiesner said.

Weisner has a 1-0 edge over Frazier, but has lost to Fernandez five of the six times they have met. Schett has never played

Fernandez or Frazier. With a record 14 titles, the second-seeded II.S. team enters the competition as the most successful nation in the history of Fed Cup. Austria has never won in the 32-year

history of the competition. Frazier, making her Fed Cup debut, is a last-minute replacement for Californian Lindsay Davenport, who is still suffering with pneumonia and food poisoning.

"It definitely caught me off-guard," Frazier said of her substitute status. "I was surprised, but it's very exciting. Definitely, I think I'll be

nervous." Frazier arrived here in good spirits after winning the Japan Open over eighthranked Kimiko Date of Japan last week.

The Austrians are relying on Schett instead of two high-er ranked players on their team - 58th-ranked Petra Schwarz-Ritter and 85thranked Beatte Reinstadler.

Weisner explained that Schett's recent performance, outdoors on hardcourts at the Lipton Championships, where she defeated 17th-ranked Lori McNeil, was the deciding factor.
"We had to pick someone

who could have the weapons to create an upset," Weisner said. "An upset is what we would need, so this is a risk we have to take."

Venables hits back at critics

LONDON (AFP) — England coach Terry Venahles, stung by criticism of his get-together this weekend with potential players of the future, hit back on Friday. Venables will use the session to take a closer look at the likes of Stan Collymore, Robbie Fowler, Steve Stone, David James and David Unsworth before naming his squad for the June tournament against Brazil, Sweden and Japan. "It is a valuable session and I'm looking to have more of them next season." Venables said. "If we hadn't had this get-together there still wouldn't have been any games because countries like Ireland, Holland, Germany and Wales are still playing next week.

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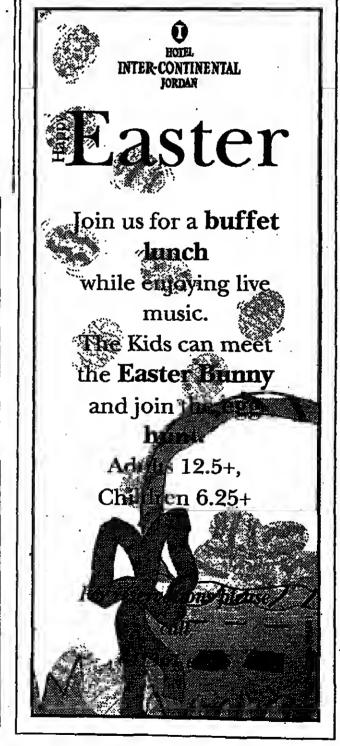
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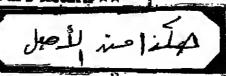
BABY'S DAY OUT

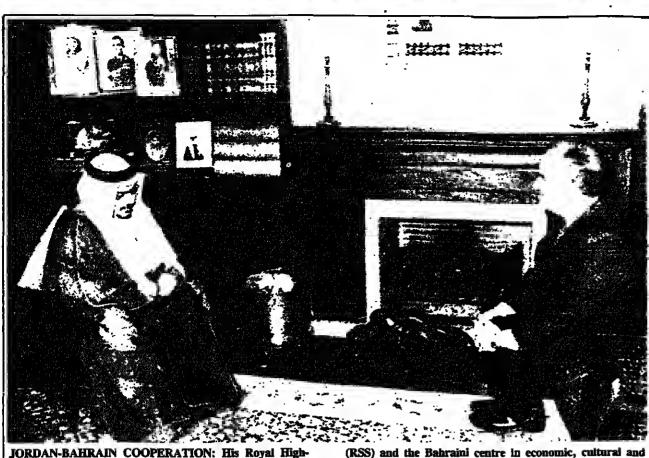


Performances: 12:30, 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30



-	Cnems Tel.: 634144 PHILADELPHIA	Cinema Tel.: 699238 PLAZA	Cinema Tel.: 977420	Tel.: 618274 - 618275 AMMOUN THEATRE	Tel.: 675571 Nabil Al Mashini Theatre	Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 629455 AHLAN THEATRE
O A T	Tom Hanks in Forrest Gump Show: 12:30, 3:15, 6:15, 9:15	Bruce Willis & John Travolta In PULP FICTION Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30	CONCORD "1" Baby's Day Out Shows 12:30, 2:30, 6:8:30, 10:30 CONCORD "2" Bad Girls Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:30, 11	Musa Hijazin "Sum'a" in the political satire Hi Citizen written and directed by Mohammad Al Shawaqia dally on 8:30 p.m. The theatre closes on Monday Halfa Al Agha in the children's play	-	Presents: The political satire: AL SALAM YA SALAM at 8:30 p.m. For reservation, pieces cal 825155 The theatre is closed Saturdays & Sundays





JORDAN-BAHRAIN COOPERATION: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Saturday meets with Sheikh Salman Ben Hamad Ben Issa Al Khalifah, deputy chairman of the board of trustees of the Bahraini Research and

Prince Hassan and Sheikh Salman discussed means of enhancing cooperation between the Royal Scientific Society scientific fields. The meeting, which was held at the Royal Court, was

attended hy His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, the King's cultural secretary. Sheikh Salman arrived in Amman earlier in the day on a several-day visit to the Kingdom (see earlier story on page 3) (Petra photo)

reporters biological facility

AL HAKAM (R) — Iraq took foreign reporters on Saturday on a guided tour of one of its main hiological facilities, closely monitored by United Nations arms in-

A 56-metre high tower transmitted pictures from 16 cameras to a U.N. monitoring centre in Baghdad as 200 Iraqi workers produced pesticides and fertilisers.

The United States charged this month that Iraq was trying to develop biological weapons and the U.N. Special Commission (UNSCOM) in charge of disarming Iraq under Gulf war ceasefire terms said Baghdad might be hiding germ warfare capability as it had not yet accounted for 17 tonnes of "growth

media. The Al Hakam site's director, Britisb-trained microbiologist Rihab Taba, said the 17 tonnes of material had try of Health and used for medical purposes."

"There is nothing special in this site. Nothing serious," she said.

Sbe said while she understood UNSCOM's suspicions, as all hiological equipment could be used for both civilian and military purposes, she saw no reason for 'such exaggerations."

The plant at Al Hakam, 80 kilometres south of Baghdad, escaped allied bomhing during the 1991 Gulf war that ended lrag's seven-month occupation of Kuwait.

Iraqis now intend to expand the facility to produce enough animal feed to meet the country's needs estimated at two million tonnes a year.

There were new huilding on the site, some complete and others half-finished. U.N. cameras are installed even in large, recently completed halls where chicken-feed is produced to ensure no illegal activity takes place

Under the Gulf war ceasefire, Iraq is to be stripped of weapons of mass destruction and means to produce them. The United Nations has also to ensure that Iraq will not engage in related activity in the future.

Ms. Taha said most of the equipment at Al Hakam was manufactured in Iraq after

the Gulf war. The pesticide factory produced five tonnes a mouth. she said.

"We need stirrers mixing growth media before we go on to full production and these we needed to import from abroad but cannot because of the embargo," Ms. Taha added.

U.N. inspectors visited the 18-square-kilometre site once a week, Ms. Taha said. Saturday's tour was the

first time Iraq allowed foreign reporters into one of its major biological facilities. Ms. Taha said Iraq was

keen to start production of single-cell proteins and plans were in the pipeline to construct five units at Al Hakam for this purpose.

The structure for one was already complete, she said, and machinery and equipment were under construc-

Iraq shows | Arabs, Muslims in U.S. condemn blast and bias

NEW YORK (Agencies) — U.S. Muslims, already seen by some as suspect in the wake of the 1993 World Trade Centre bombing, are calling for restraint amid fears of mounting anti-Islamic sentiment over the Oklahoma City bombing.

As early speculation centred on a Mideast connection to Wednesday's carbomhing, Arah-American leaders spoke out against rash judgments and were joined in their appeals by President Bill Clinton.

"This is not a question of anybody's country of origin,' Mr. Clinton said Thursday after investigators announced a massive manhunt for "two wbite males.'

"This was murder... Human beings everywhere, all over the world, will condemn this out of their own religious convictions and we should not stereotype anybody," Mr. Clinton said.

As developments in the investigation led authorities away from the Mideast trail, Muslim leaders underscored that prejudice in the media and among law-enforcement officials had fuelled initial suspicions.

"Most of the press took immediately for granted that the perpetrators came from the Middle East," said Hamzi Moghrabi, president of the Arah-American Anti-Defamation Committee.

"This caused panic among the Arabs and the Americans as well, they view their neighbour as responsible," he said, adding that death calls had been reported against Mus-lims in various U.S. cities.

Mr. Moghrahi, concerned hy lingering anti-Arah perceptions from the trade centre bombing that led to the conviction of four militants, said his organisation was among the first to condemn the attack in a move he described as "damage con-

"The Anti-Defamation" Committee cautions both law-enforcement officials and the media against premature, and perhaps unfounded, specolation as to the ethnicity of the suspects," the organisation said in a statement. "We urge the media to the

circumspect in the coverage of this extremely sensitive issue," the statement said. adding that there had been unsubstantiated accusations in the coverage of the issue." Mr. Moghrabi noted that Muslim leaders throughout the United States have called

bombing. Some six million people of the Islamic faith live in the United States, according to various organisations, with some 5,000 in the area of Oklaboma City alone.

on their communities to don-

ate blood to the victims of the

A local television station in Oklahoma City that was relaying live coverage of the bombing aftermath on CNN said in the hours following the tragedy that two suspects of "Middle-Eastern appearance" were involved, a report that was later dismissed as

Two Americans of Pakistani origin were questioned for hours by police Thursday in Dallas, Texas and a third from an unspecified Arah country was targetted by authorities in Oklahoma.

The three men, who were from New York City, were released Friday hut their photos and identities bad been the source of speculation in local television and press reports here.

The fact that the men were found to have no connection with the bombing after questioning appeared to be huried amid lengthy reports on their activities over the past days. The Council of Presidents

of National Arab-American Organisations "unequivocal-ly" condemned the bombing, expressing their "horror and disgust at the wanton destruction of innocent buman life caused by this beinous act...'

Council Chairman Khabl E. Jabsban denounced the tendency of the media and so-called experts on terrorism" to speculate that the perpetrators were "Middle Eastern" in origin, saying the American public has not been served by such rumours and speculation. He praised President Clinton and federal law enforcement officers for their refusal to "participate in or encourage irresponsible and defamatory specula-

Members of the council are extremely concerend at the tendency of the media and sp-called experts on terrorism to speculate at the identity of the perpetrators of the Oklahoma City bombing. Whoever the guilty parties turn out to be, the American public has not been served by the rumours and speculation that the perpetrators were "Middle Eastern" in origin. Jahshan emphasised that "such aspersions constantly reinforce stereotypes of Arah Americans and Americans Muslims and, by implying collective guilt, have already caused a backlash against the Arah and Muslim communinities throughout the coun-

attending the conference.
Al Safir said "if the Amer-

ican information on Mugh-

niyeh's presence in Khar-

toum was correct, then the

witness is absolutely certain

that he (Mughniyeh) was not

The Lebanese journalist,

Fuad Hteit, who covered the

conference in Khartoum said

Mnghniyeh's name "was not

mentioned even once" at the

meetings, strengthening the

Mughniyeh was Hizbol-

lah's security chief at the

peak of kindappings and

hombings that targeted

Americans and other Wester-

ners in Lebanon in the 1980s.

involvement in the suicide bombing of the U.S. Marine base, Mughniyeh is believed

to have taken charge of U.S. hostages held in the 17-day

hijacking of TWA Flight 847

at Beirut airport in June

In addition to bis suspected

belief he did not attend.

on board the flight.'

U.S.-sought suspect was not on controversial flight — report

BEIRUT (Agencies) — A local newspaper said Saturday it had a reporter aboard a flight denied landing permission in Saudi Arabia on April 7, but that be did not see Imad Mughniyeh among the passengers as suggested by a U.S. daily.
The Middle East Airlines

(MEA) Boeing 707 was on a flight from Khartoum, Sudan, to Beirut via Jeddah. Saudi Arabia. Saudi authorities told the airline, Lebanon's flag carrier, that the plane was barred from landing because of a bureaucratic mix-up in paperwork involving the flight number.

But Beirut aviation sources said the Saudi decision may have been prompted by the presence of Sheikh Saced Shaaban, a Lebanese Sunni Muslim fundamentalist cler-

ic, among the passengers. On Friday, U.S. officials said the Saudi action foiled an attempt to arrest a suspect wanted in two attacks, including the Oct. 23, 1983, car bombing that killed 241 U.S. servicemen in Beirut.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher has expressed concern to Saudi Arabia, a close commercial ally, about failure to cooperate with the Americans in making the arrest (see page 2).

Sheikh Shaaban bas never been linked to attacks against Americans or Westerners

during the 1975-90 civil war, and the U.S. charges raised speculation that someone else may have been on the MEA flight.

The Los Angeles Times quoted a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) official as saying Mugbniyeh was aboard and described him as "the single most dangerous terrorist at large today."

The Saudis have not commented on the U.S. allega-

Beirut's leftist daily Al Safir said Saturday its reporter "could have recognised a person like Mughniyeh from bis features, movements and security around him even if he had used a false name or was under a veil among a group of Sudanese women

who were on the plane." The reporter "could verify that he (Mughniyeh) was not on this plane," it said. The newspaper said a de-

legation of the Iran-hacked Lebanese Hizbollah, led by the group's deputy leader, Naim Qassem, had flown from Khartoum to Beirut via Damascus, Syria three days

gathered in Khartoum for a

conference in early April. Al

Safir said there was never a mention of Mughniyeh

Mughniyeh rarely appears in public. Since the end of the 1975-90 civil war, he spends most of his time in Tehran. He could not be identified among mourners during a Hizbollah-led funeral of his Leaders of Shiite and Sunni religious groups and a number of clergymen from younger brother, Fuad, Dec. 21, in Beirut. across the Islamic World

Fuad Mughniyeh and three other people were killed and 16 wounded in a carbombing in a Shiite suhurb of Beirut a day earlier.

Ali Abul Ragheh

Jordan, PNA to sign trade

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan and the

Palestinian National Author-

ity (PNA) hope to sign a trade agreement in early May

after the PNA sorts out some of the problems it faces in implementing the accord. Minister of Industry and

Trade Ali Abul Ragheb said

"They (the PNA) are hav-

ing some problems with the Israelis, and they believe that they could sort out these problems soon," Mr. Abul

Ragheh said after talks with

Ahmad Qouriea, minister of

economy in the PNA.

able to settle the rest."

both sides and those subject

to taxation, Mr. Ahul Ragheh confirmed.

"We hope to sign the (Jordan-PNA) trade agree-

ment in early May, when Mr. Qouriea will be back in Am-

man," Mr. Ahul Ragheh told

The Jordan News Agency,

Petra, reported that Mr.

Abul Ragheh and Mr. Qouriea discussed "obstacles

impeding the implementation

of the Jordanian-Palestinian

agreement on cooperation'

It was a reference to a Jan.

26 accord signed by Prime

Minister Sharif Zeid Ben

Shaker and PNA President

and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chair-

man Yasser Arafat setting

out a broad range of areas of

cooperation and calling for separate agreements in va-

Libya tells

permission

needed for

Haj flights

UNITED NATIONS (R) —

Libya has told the chairman

of a Security Council sanc-

tions committee on Friday

that the pilgrimage to Mecca

(Haj) was a religious matter which did not require any-

without permission from any-

body ... it is not an intern-

tional matter, it is a matter of

religion," Libyan U.N. envoy

matter of religion would not

be agreeable to any Mus-

"Any interference with this

Mr. Azwai said be gave

this response to Sanctions

Committee Chairman Karel

Kovanda of the Czech Re-

public when he asked about

reports that a Libyan airliner

flew pilgrims to Jeddah ear-

her this week in defiance of

The sanctions, which in-

clude a ban on flights to and

from Lihya, were imposed in

1992 because of its failure to

surrender for trial two men

indicated in the United States

and Britain for the 1988

bombing of Pan Am Flight

103 over Lockerbie, Scot-

land, which killed 270 peo-

on Wednesday gave permis-

sion for Egyptair to conduct

45 return flights from Tripoli and Benghazi to Jeddah for

Libyans making the Haj. But

before those flights got under

way, a Libyan airliner, in defiance of the U.N. ban,

flew about 150 pilgrims to

he did not know whether any

further flights by Lihyan

Mr. Kovanda told repor-

ters later he got the impress-

ion from the Libyan ambassa-

dor that, in view of the Egyp-

tian shuttle, "there is no need for other (Lihyan) flights." Asked if Libya ran the risk

of additional sanctions if it

organised further flights us-

ing its own airliners, Mr.

Kovanda said: "Even with

the one flight with which they

did fly in the face of the

Security Council, they are at

risk of further measures

being taken, needless to

See related stories on page 2

say.

planes would take place.

Mr. Azwai told questioners

The Sanctions Committee

U.N. sanctions.

Mohammad Azwai said.

"We should obey our God

one's permission.

U.N. no

the Jordan Times.

signed in January.

Saturday.

affair

rious sectors. The trade agreement is Mr. Abul Ragheh declined part of the accords called for to discuss the details of the in the Jan. 26 document. "prohlems," hut said, "they Some of the others agreehave settled some of the ments have already been issues and I think they will be signed and others are under discussion. Some of them The minister said Jordan bave already been finalised had "nothing to do with the and could be signed in two problems," and that it was weeks, 'Palestinian charge purely an Israeli-Palestinian d'affaires in Amman Omar Khatih told the Jordan Times Jordan and the PNA have drawn up a trade agreement listing items that will be given preferential treatment hy

on Friday. Petra said Mr. Abul Ragheh and Mr. Qouriea reviewed all aspects of Jordanian-Palestinian economic cooperation, including the means with which the two sides seek to implement the agreement signed in Jann-

ary."
They also discussed "impediments in the exchange of goods" hetween the two

Jordan and the PNA are also expected to finalise an agreement on transport this week. Some of the provisions in this accord would complement the trade agreement since they establish a firm framework for the transport. goods between the two

Mr. Qouriea, who arrived here from Cairo, where he signed a trade agreement between the PNA and the Egyptian government on Wednesday, was not im-



Ahmad Qouries

mediately available for com-

ment. Sources familiar with the issue said, however, that while Jordan and the PNA had set out a broad scope for cooperation in trade, terms in a similar agreement signed by the PLO and Israel in April 1994 limit Jordanian exports to the Palestinian territories to certain items.

The accord effectively maintains the status of the West Bank and Gaza as a closed market for all except Israel. It lists definite items that the Palestinians can import from non-Israeli sources and also Palestinian goods that could be sent to the Israeli market.

The West Bank and Gaza Strip represents an annual \$1.5 billion to \$2 billion market for Israeli products.

PNA officials say the PLO agreed to the Israeli-imposed limitations hecause the accord also gave the Palestinians limited economic and monetary freedoms such as permission to establish a Palestinian monetary authority and issue Palestinian cur-

However, these freedoms - political symbols of Palestinian independence have not yielded much in real terms for the Palestinian selfrule authority.

Queen confers honour on **Thatcher Hillary**

LONDON (R) — Queen Elizabeth Saturday appointed former British premier Baroness Thatcher and New Zealand's Sir Edmund Hillary, first conqueror of Mount Everest, to the Order of the Garter. Appointments to the Order of the Garter, the senior order of chivalry, are entirely in the personal gift of the queen and are not made on the advice of the prime. minister of the day. Other former prime ministers appointed to the Garter include Sir Winston Churchill, Earl Attlee, Lord Wilson, Lord Callaghan and Sir Edward Heath, according to Buckingham Palace, which made the announcement Saturday. New Zealanders who have been made Knights Companion of the Order of the Garter include the late marshal of the Royal Air Force Lord Elworthy and former New Zealand Prime Minister Sir Keith Holyoake.

Yeltsin is in good health for his age

MOSCOW (AP) - With a U.S.-Russian summit three weeks away and fresh rumours about his health sprouting like spring weeds, President Boris Yeltsin's spokesman said his boss was "good" shape. The Kremlin's latest hulletin on Mr. Yeltsin's health came just days after the 64-year-old leader returned from a threeweek mountain and beach holiday in southern Russian. Mr. Yeltsin has looked unwell in public on several occasions this year, and world leaders increasingly are wor-ried about his health and political future at a time when Russia is acting aggressive and inflexible. Sergei Medvedev, Mr. Yeltsin's press spokesperson, said his statement made Friday to Russian news agencies was? aimed at dispelling rumours and inventions about the president's well being, "Doctors of the president conclude at present the state of health of Boris Yeltsin is good," the statement said. "It allows him to retain physical activity While on vacation, Mr. Yeltsin played tennis, one of his favourite sports. During a February visit to the Kazakh capital of Alma Ata he had to be supported by aides while climbing the stairs to a conference hall.

Cripple abused 2,000 children

VIENNA (AFP) - A 68year-old handicapped man sexually abused 2,000 children including two toddlers. over a period of 18 years at his hometown of Krems northwest of Vienna, the daily Die Presse reported Saturday. A police spokesman in Krems, 70 kilometres (45 miles) from the capital, confirmed the report and said Johann Fuchs had recently been sent to jail. His victims included a 17-month-old girl and a two-year-old hoy. Fuchs, who lived alone and walked with crutches after being crippled in his youth by poliomyelitis, used to hang around Krems Railway Station where be would befriend children and give them money. He would then entice them to his house where he offered them more money for sex, Die Presse said.

Deng's calligraphy appears on biography

BELIING (AFP) - Chinese patriarch Deng Xiaoping. who has not appeared in public for a year, recently pro-vided the title calligraphy for a biography of Marshall Ye Jianying, a Communist military hero, major newspaper: reported in front page storie Friday. The articles did no say when the 90-year-old Deng provided the calligra phy. Mr. Deng's last public appearance was in February 1994 and reports of his declining health have led to speculation that he is near death. President Jiang Zemin, Mr. Deng's apparent heir, held a seminar to mark the book's publication and used the occasion to warn Communist Party and armed forces leaders against fuelling faction rivalries.

6 dead, 14 Injured In floods In Iran

NEWS IN BRIEF

TEHRAN (AFP) — Six people died and 14 others were injured in floods in the Mashhad region of northeast Iran, state radio reported Saturday. Another three people are missing after the floods Friday, which were caused by torrential rain over northern Iran. The victims were all picnicking near Mashhad in the north of Khorasan province

Earthquake jolts southern Iran

NICOSIA (AP) - A strong earthquake rocked two Gulf-side provinces in southern Iran early Saturday, the Islamic Republic News Agency reported. There were no immediate reports of casualties or damage in the 4:55 a.m. (0025 GMT) quake, said the agency. It said the tremor had a preliminary magnitude of 5.4. It shook the southern and southwestern provinces of Busbehr and Khuzestan. The geophysics institute of Tehran University located the epicentre of the quake near Behhahan, 650 kilometres south of Tehran. In January, an earthquake with a preliminary magnitude of 5.1 jolted the southern town of Fin, injuring 11 people and severely damaging some buildings. Iran is exceedingly quake-prone. Hundreds of moderate tremors are reported each year.

Israell Labour Party leader in China

SHANGHAI (AFP) — Huang Ju, a member of the Political bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China (CPC), met with Israeli Labour Party leader Nissim Zvili here Friday. Xinhua said. The Israelis arrived in China on April 18 at the CPC's invitation. During the meeting, the two sides exchanged views on relations between the CPC and the Israeli Labour Party, and issues of mutual concern, the official news agency said. During their stay bere, the Israeli group toured the Baoshan Steel Works Group and the Pudong News Area, and went sightseeing on the Huangpu River.

Egyptian says cat told him to kill

CAIRO (AFP) — An Egyptian bedouin who murdered three of his children said he was acting under orders from a black cat which appeared to him in a dream, the daily Al-Wafd reported Saturday. Gomma Salama, 47, a noma dic shepberd from the northern Sinai, strangled his 13-years-old son Selim and his seven-year-old daughter Salima with the girl's shawl after chasing them across the desert. He then killed another son Salem, eight, with the spear the boy used for hunting birds. Salama's two other sons escaped death, one by biding in the desert and the other by staying in the house with his mother. Salama hid the bodies before giving himself up to police. He told officers he had been visited in his dreams by a black cat which tried to strangle him and ordered him to murder bis children. His wife Aziza Abdel Al, 30, said he had suffered hallucinations and fits of had temper for years during which be physically abused his children.

35 years of married silence in Turkey

ANKARA (AFP) - A Turkish couple in their 80s have been fending with each other for 35 years. Yet they still share the same house they have lived in since their forced marriage 64 years ago, the Turkish Anatolia News Agency reported on Saturday. The couple's marriage was arranged by their families, in the northern province of Samsun. But the trouble started in 1960 when the wife Hediye, now 82, decided she had "had enough." She refused to speak another word to husband Mecit, 85, in the home where they bad raised seven children. The couple decided not to divorce, because of the traditions in their little village of Bafra. (Divorce is not approved of in the traditional communities in Turkey). So they lived in the same house but in different rooms, even taking their meals separately. All efforts at reconciliation, by their children and 17 grandchildren, by everyone from the mayor to the mufti

مهلذا مند المصل